## Intergenerational Ethnicity: Evidence for London from the 2001 Census

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## Outline

- Aims of Study
- Data Source
- Data Issues
- Results
- Implementation in Modelling


## Aims

- Improve GLA London borough Ethnic Group Population Projections
- 1991 Census problems with high numbers of children in 'Other' Groups where the parents:
- (1) had preferred to write in child's ethnicity as Black British, etc, or,
- (2) were themselves of different ethnic groups
- 2001 Census partly allowed for this in more ethnic groups including Mixed categories
- therefore a need/ability to improve fertility part of model
- data can also give a direct indication of shapes of ethnic fertility rate schedules
- Investigate ethnic differentials in partnerships and lone mothers


## Data

- 2001 Census Commissioned Table
- Universe
- Infants (ie persons aged 0) in private households with mother present
- Variables
- Ethnicity of Infant
- Ethnicity and Age of Mother
- Ethnicity of Father (inc. not present/unknown)
- Geography
- Greater London and 3 borough groups
- Categories
- 16 Ethnic Groups
- Mothers' Ages <20, 20-24, 25-29, 30-34, 35-39, 40+


## Data Issues (1)

- Disclosure Control
- Had originally requested data at borough level
- Compromised to London and 3 borough groups
- Number of Cases
- Births in London in year before Census: 104,160
- Age 0 in MYE: 97,137
- Age 0 in Census: 95,970
- of which in private households: 95,714
- Age 0 in Commissioned Table: 87,406 (91\%)
- of which only 66,597 have father present (76\%)
- What happened to the other 8,308 infants?


## Data Issues (2)

- Number of cells in each area
- 16 EG (plus unknown for father) for three individuals and 6 agegroups of mother $=26,112$ cells
- However, already decided to reduce EG to 10 for GLA projections (White, Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Other Asian, Black Caribbean, Black African, Black Other, Chinese, Other)
- Three 'White' groups combined
- Four 'Mixed' groups absorbed into the three 'Other' Groups
- Reduces number of cells to 6,600 per area


## Some Peripheral Results

- Mothers living alone
- Age-specific 'fertility' rates


## Father Present by Mother's Age and Ethnicity



## Age Specific 'Fertility' Rates



## Main Results for London

- Father, Mother and Child
- Same or different ethnicity
- Where father's ethnicity not known or father not present
- Probability of female having a child with a different ethnic group

Mother, Father and Child have the same ethnicity


## Mother and Child have same ethnicity



Father and Child have same ethnicity


Mother and Child with different ethnicity


## Proportion of all births where Father not present/ethnicity known



## White Women and the ethnicity of their children



## Asian Women and the ethnicity of their children



## Black Women and the ethnicity of their children



Chinese and Other Women and the ethnicity of their children


## Ethnic Group of Baby with a father whose ethnic group is White Irish



## Ethnic Group of Baby who has a mother with ethnic group White Irish



Ethnicity of Mother: White Irish

## Ethnic group of mother of White Irish Babies



## Modelling Problem

- Creation of a borough level probabilistic model
- Using Borough Group Data
- Probability of woman (age $x$ ) in EG A having a partner in EG A, B, C, etc
- Probability of resulting child being in a particular group


## Black Caribbean Mothers aged 30-34

- Births: 1325
- 925 Black Caribbean, 246 Black Other
- Known Fathers: 694
- 430 Black Caribbean (62.0\%), 136 White (19.6\%)
- Unknown Fathers: 631
- Assume Potential Fathers are all males aged 30-39 resident in same area (ie London)
- Assume Unknown Fathers have same EG as Known


## EG of Known Fathers and Potential Fathers (Black Caribbean Women aged 30-34)



## Odds Ratios by EG of Potential Fathers (Black Caribbean Women aged 30-34)



## Probability of EG of Child given White Father and Black Caribbean Mother aged 30-34



Probability of EG of Child given Black Caribbean Father and Black Caribbean Mother aged 30-34


## Probability of EG of Child given Black African Father and Black Caribbean Mother aged 30-34



Calculated and Actual Births Compared: Black Caribbean Mothers Aged 30-34


## Results

- Using these probabilities and odds ratios one can attempt to forecast the EG of all children born to a particular group of women by EG and age
- Initial results tend to switch some Black Caribbean infants to Black Other - implies that the unknown fathers were even more likely to have been Black Caribbean
- Do we assume that only the EG distribution of the Potential Fathers will vary according to Borough of Residence?
- This assumes that the odds ratios of forming a partnership are fixed, as are the likely EGs of the children
- Next step is to test with Borough Group data


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