

Mayor of London

London Heat Map +

Heat Mapping Study - London
Borough of Merton

218639/MERTON

Issue | 23 March 2012

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Executive Summary

The aim of the London Heat Map is to identify opportunities for decentralised energy networks in London, with this report detailing the findings for the London Borough of Wandsworth. This process is part of the Mayor of London's drive to deliver 25% of London's energy through decentralised energy (DE) by 2025.

Arup has been commissioned by the Greater London Authority to complete the London Heat Map and provide each of the London Boroughs remaining from the DEMaP programme with a report outlining their potential opportunities for DE; the London Borough of Merton is one such Borough.

The heat load and supply data used for the London Heat Map has been sourced by the London Borough of Merton and supplemented by additional data available through publically available central databases. From this, Arup have performed a high level mapping study to identify clusters where potential opportunities for decentralised energy networks may exist.

The London Borough of Merton has six cluster areas identified in this report which have been highlighted as opportunity areas for future investigation into DE scheme. These areas are in the very early stages of development into a DE network, having only been newly identified. The only exception is Rosehill Park, on the border with Sutton which was identified in the previous round of heat mapping. For each of the clusters, further steps are recommended to progress the schemes as the London Borough of Merton moves towards the Mayor's Targets for DE in London.

1 Introduction

The London Heat Map was developed through the London Development Agency's (LDA) Decentralised Energy Master Planning (DEMaP) programme in 2009 – 2010 with the aim of providing information about heat loads in London to help identify opportunities for decentralised energy.

In November 2011, the Greater London Authority (GLA) commissioned Arup to complete the London Heat Mapping exercise with the following tasks;

- to carry out heat mapping for the remaining ten London Boroughs and therefore provide a consistent London Heat Map
- to provide each of these remaining Boroughs with a report outlining potential opportunities for decentralised energy

This report outlines the potential opportunities for decentralised energy in the London Borough of Merton. To compile it, Arup consultant engineers worked in partnership with the London Borough of Merton to carry out the data collection and analysis to identify opportunities for decentralised energy.

This report sets out the methodology employed for the heat mapping process and presents the findings of potential decentralised energy opportunity within the London Borough of Merton.

The data collected from the London Borough of Merton has also been uploaded onto the online interactive GIS London Heat Map (www.londonheatmap.org.uk).

2 Background

Energy generated by centralised power stations and transmitted through the national grid can be highly inefficient and wasteful. One of the Mayor's top priorities for reducing London's CO₂ emissions is to reduce the capital's reliance on centralised power stations. This means increasing the use of local, low carbon energy supplies through decentralised energy systems.

In 2010, residential, commercial and public sector buildings represented over 40% of UK greenhouse gas emissions¹; reducing the carbon content of the heat and electricity supplied to these buildings is clearly a vital undertaking in efforts to mitigate climate change.

2.1 Decentralised Energy and District Heating

In broad terms, Decentralised Energy (DE) is the local or sub-regional supply of heat and electricity from a central source, known as the Energy Centre (EC), to end users via a District Heating (DH) network. The EC normally hosts one or more Combined Heat and Power (CHP) units as well as back-up boilers and thermal stores.

¹ Building Britain: The path to sustainable growth for the built environment (2012). Aldersgate Group.

CHP is the simultaneous generation of heat and power in a more efficient way than if the two forms of energy would have been produced separately. Heat is recovered from the power generation process and is typically supplied in the form of hot water.

DE will play a key role in developing a more sustainable, secure and cost-effective energy supply for London, and help target a number of important problems such as climate change and fuel poverty.

2.2 The history of heat mapping: DEMaP

The Mayor of London set a target to supply a quarter of London's energy from decentralised sources by 2025.

To this end, the DEMaP (Decentralised Energy Master Planning) programme was introduced by the London Development Agency² (LDA) in 2009. The LDA allocated nearly £5 million towards decentralised energy over four years from 2009, with additional support made available through the JESSICA (Joint European Support for Sustainable Investment in City Areas) fund to unlock the development of decentralised energy in London.

The DEMaP programme was developed to enable boroughs to identify opportunities for decentralised energy, and to develop the capacity to realise those opportunities. This was based on a trajectory of work packages, broken down into three phases, from initial capacity building through to feasibility study and project delivery. The heat mapping exercise was originally carried out during the first phase.

The London Heat Map was developed as part of DEMaP to help address the lack of information and certainty surrounding London's heat loads. It is intended to be used by policy and decision-makers to help identify opportunities for DE in their area and to develop new decentralised energy schemes and enable the market to make informed investment decisions without risking significant development costs.

The first round of heat mapping collected data from 23 London boroughs which were used to populate the London Heat Map (Figure 1).

² The functions of the London Development Agency are being folded in the Greater London Authority as a result of the government announcement in June 2010 that all Regional Development Agencies be abolished by March 2012.

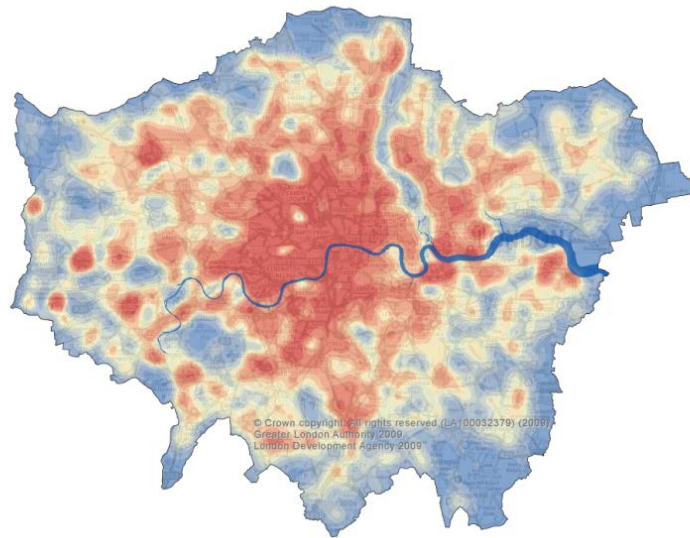


Figure 1: The London Heat Map, as viewable at www.londonheatmap.org.uk

The second round of heat mapping has been undertaken by the GLA in November 2011 and the remaining ten boroughs were invited to participate in order to complete the heat map for the entirety of the Greater London area.

The aims of the heat mapping exercise are:

- To identify potential opportunity areas for the development of decentralised energy networks across London, and
- To provide an evidence base for local authority and GLA planning policies requirements for connections to district heating networks.

The image below illustrates the status of Heat Mapping in London Boroughs. Those in red have completed Heat Mapping and the data results are available on the Heat Map website, along with a report of the opportunity area (www.londonheatmap.org.uk). Boroughs highlighted in yellow have provided data which was uploaded to the London Heat Map having completed independent data collection and mapping exercises. The Boroughs highlighted in blue are part of the final tranche of Heat Mapping currently underway.

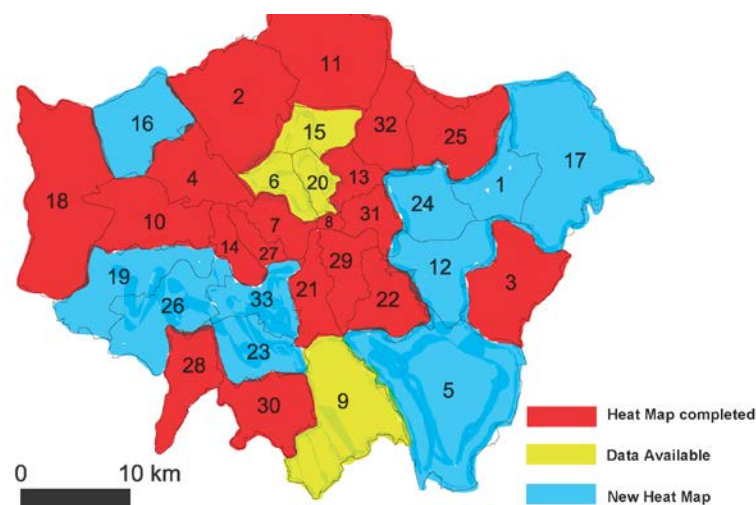


Figure 2: The Heat mapping status of London Boroughs.

Those remaining London Boroughs involved in the second round of Heat Map were:

1. London Borough of Barking and Dagenham
5. London Borough of Bromley
12. London Borough of Greenwich
16. London Borough of Harrow
17. London Borough of Havering
19. London Borough of Hounslow
23. London Borough of Merton
24. London Borough of Newham
26. London Borough of Richmond
33. London Borough of Wandsworth
7. City of Westminster

3 Policy context

3.1 UK climate change agenda

The UK Government has responded to the climate change agenda with a range of climate change legislation, targets and actions to reduce carbon (GHG) emission, including:

- Setting a national target of 80% reduction in annual GHG emissions compared to 1990 levels by 2050, with an interim target of 34% reduction by 2020
- Establishing the world's first national Climate Change Act to tackle the threat of climate change, and
- Introducing financial measures such as: the Renewables Obligation (RO); the Feed in Tariff (FIT); the Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI); and the Carbon Reduction Commitment (CRC).

Legislation is intended to support the transition to a low carbon economy – an economy that minimises environmental impact, is sustainable and limits GHG emissions. The national government's agenda is being taken forward by all the local authorities in the UK.

3.2 London Plan

The London Plan 2011 sets out the spatial development strategy for London. Chapter 5 specifically addresses London's Response to Climate Change and sets out the following policy requirements:

- **Policy 5.2** – Minimising carbon emissions – which sets out a range of CO₂ emission targets for new developments which must be achieved through a hierarchy of 'Be lean: use less energy; Be clean: supply energy efficiently and Be green: use renewable energy'
- **Policy 5.5** – Decentralised energy networks.
 - A) **Strategic:** The Mayor expects 25 per cent of the heat and power used in London to be generated through the use of localised decentralised energy systems by 2025. In order to achieve this target the Mayor prioritises the development of decentralised heating and cooling networks at the development and area wide levels, including larger scale heat transmission networks.
 - B) **LDF preparation:** Within LDFs boroughs should develop policies and proposals to identify and establish decentralised energy network opportunities. As a minimum boroughs should:
 - i. Identify opportunities for expanding existing networks and establishing new networks. Boroughs should use the London Heat Map tool and consider any new developments, planned major infrastructure works and energy supply opportunities which may arise
 - ii. develop energy master plans for specific decentralised energy opportunities which identify:

- major heat loads (including anchor heat loads, with particular reference to sites such as universities, hospitals and social housing)
- major heat supply plant
- possible opportunities to utilise energy from waste
- possible heating and cooling network routes
- implementation options for delivering feasible projects, considering issues of procurement, funding and risk and the role of the public sector.

3.3 Borough policy

The goals of the heat mapping exercise are very much in line with the London Borough of Merton's policy initiatives, particularly its Core Planning Strategy.

The Borough is clearly making efforts on a number of fronts, demonstrating a leading role in climate change mitigation and addressing constituents' energy needs. Historically, the Borough established "The Merton Rule" in 2003, requiring new residential and commercial developments above a certain size to meet 10% of energy consumption by on-site renewables. Whilst now largely superseded by the Code for Sustainable Homes³, this policy has been very influential, with around half of the United Kingdom's local authorities adopting it as a best practice in some capacity⁴.

In recent times both the London Plan and Merton have moved away from the use of prescriptive renewable energy towards the use of emissions reductions targets enshrined in sustainable design and construction standards such as Code for Sustainable Homes. By doing so the environmental performance of buildings will continue to be driven forward, without restricting the developers flexibility to choose the energy strategy which is most suitable for the developments location.

In order to help bring forward viable district energy networks within the borough policies have been introduced into the Local Development Framework to encourage developments to connect to district heating systems.

Merton Core Strategy (2011)

Policy 15 d) Regeneration plans in town centres are an excellent opportunity to implement District Heat and Power networks, and all major development would be strongly encouraged to be 'Multi Utility Service Company (MUSCo)' ready.

South London Waste Plan (2012)

Policy WP8: Proposed energy recovery developments, including thermal treatments, will be required to: ... (c) deliver renewable heat and power (or heat, power and cooling), for local users where feasible; and, ... Any proposed thermal treatment facilities must allow for the recovery of renewable heat and power (or heat, power and cooling) and be within a fully enclosed covered building.

³ www.planningportal.gov.uk/uploads/code_for_sust_homes.pdf

⁴ <http://www.solarcentury.co.uk/knowledge-base/the-merton-rule/>

The work carried out through DEMaP will help to support the councils own research into where the most suitable locations for district energy systems within the borough are, and help in the formation of policy designed to deliver viable district heating schemes within the borough.

At the time of writing the council is currently consulting on its Development Plan and Site and Policies document. The Development Plan and master plans for Morden The South Wimbledon/colliers wood area will aim to identify where the key areas for district energy networks can be found, allowing the mayors emissions reduction hierarchy to implemented consistently across the borough.



Figure 3: Examples of Merton's sustainability initiatives and policies

4 Decentralised Energy in London

Following on from the successful DEMaP programme, the GLA is committed to further strategic development and support to deliver more DE schemes within London, through the Decentralised Energy for London programme. Set up with €3.3m in funding, 90% of which was secured from the European Investment Bank's ELENA facility, the Mayor's Decentralised Energy for London programme will provide boroughs and other project sponsors with technical, financial and commercial assistance to develop and bring DE projects to market.

London has been home to DH networks for a number of years, with schemes in Whitehall, Pimlico, Barkantine and the City of London, to name but a few, set to be joined by many more in the near future. There will be a growth in interconnections between existing schemes, and the potential development of a number of high-capacity strategic networks, notably SELCHP, the London Thames Gateway Heat Network, and the Upper Lee Valley Strategic Heat Network transporting industrial volumes of waste heat from power stations over long distances, which could allow for truly significant carbon savings.

Existing schemes and those planned for future development are shown in the London "Vision Map" below, or can be viewed in more detail on the London Heat Map's vision layer (www.londonheatmap.org.uk).

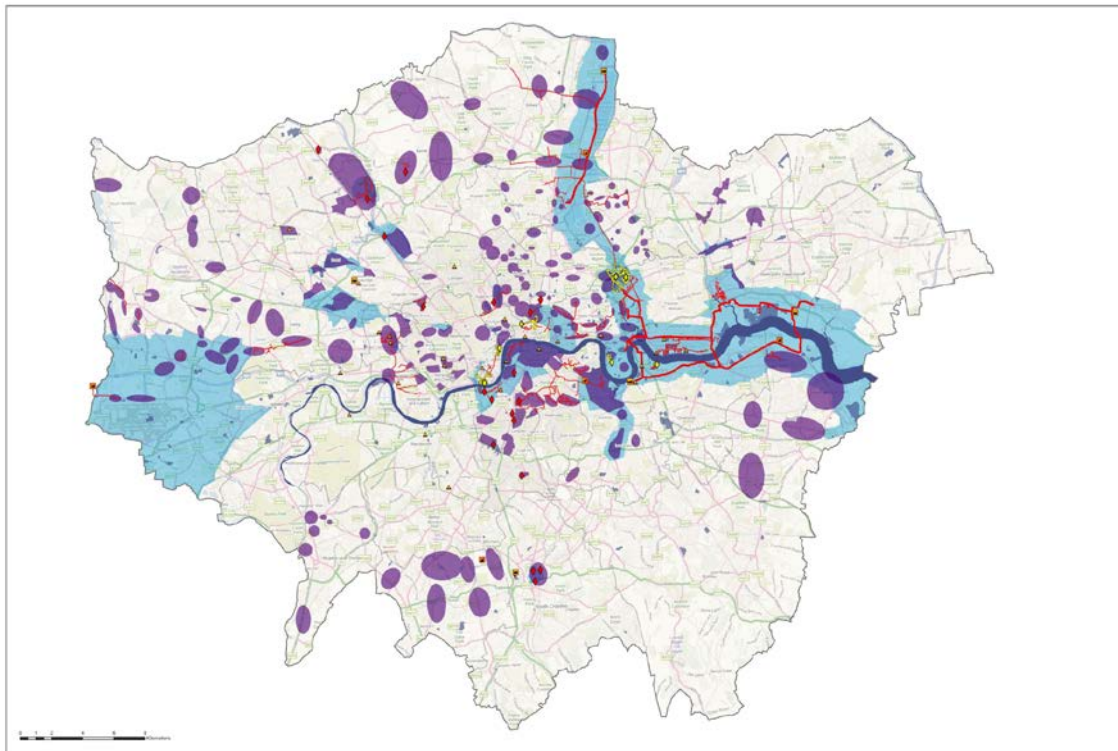


Figure 4: London 'Vision Map' for Decentralised Energy 2012

5 Methodology

The methodology for heat mapping was developed by Arup in conjunction with the LDA / GLA.

The heat mapping process identifies potential DE opportunities in each borough, and where relevant cross-borough opportunities. The process concludes with an implementation plan developed jointly with the London Borough Merton to identify how these opportunities could be progressed. The process consists of two main phases:

Phase 1: Data collection

This data collection should create a reliable database and identify:

- Major heat loads (existing and planned)
- Major heat supply plants (existing and planned)
- District Heating (DH) networks (existing and planned)

Phase 2: Identifying opportunities for potential DE schemes

This process includes the identification of ‘clusters’ of buildings and development areas that have the best potential for future DH networks and / or extending existing heat networks.

5.1 Phase1: Data Collection

The aim of Phase 1 is to populate the London Heat Map with data points from which the analysis in Phase 2 can take place. These data points should identify existing and already planned heat loads, heat supply plants and district heating networks.

Some data points within the London Borough of Merton already existed on the London Heat Map from the first round of heat mapping that took place under the DEMaP programme. The data for these points had been collected from central data bases such as the London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority (LFEPA) and the London Development Database 2004 (LDD).

To complete the dataset for the London Borough of Merton, the borough was asked to source the data and verify that which was already in the London Heat Map. The following data locations were suggested to the borough to source the data:

- The former NI 185 register
- The Council’s Property Services
- Specific borough documents (such as Asset Management Plans)
- Members of the borough Local Strategic Partnership
- Council’s Planning Applications (for large scale applications)
- Council boiler replacement programme
- Private Landowners / Developers
- Other public sector bodies
- Display Energy Certificates (DEC)
- CRC Energy Efficiency data

The typologies used to define the heat loads in the London Heat Map are available in Appendix A.

The London Borough of Merton has already started the heat mapping process before Arup has contacted them on 21st of December 2011. Arup has been directly in contact with Jon Buick, Climate Change Department Officer, who has supplied the heat map data carried out by the London Borough of Merton.

The full data set provided is available in Appendix A.

5.2 Phase 2: Identifying opportunities for potential DH networks

The aim of Phase 2 is to use the populated London Heat Map to identify opportunities for potential DH networks both within the London Borough of Merton, and across borough borders.

To do this, the following factors were considered to identify clusters of buildings with the potential to form a DH network:

- The **physical proximity and heat load density** of buildings. This is important to identify high level cluster opportunities and to identify the scale of infrastructure required to meet the demand.
- The presence of **existing anchor loads** which could be able to trigger a DE network. An anchor load is a heat load that is large, has a relatively constant load profile and is therefore suitable for a long-term heat supply or purchase contract. Anchor loads are important as they reduce the risk associated with securing connection of multiple heat loads.
- The presence of **heat load diversity** throughout the buildings identified. Diversity is important to balance the overall load profile of the DH network and make more efficient use of the heat generation source.
- The presence of **planned developments**. This is important for a number of reasons, firstly that the network/parts of the network can be built out as part of the development, reducing the disruption specifically associated with the DH network. Secondly those buildings within the development can be required to connect through their planning consent, securing heat demand. Finally, the avoided costs of installing individual heat supply plant per unit instead of smaller interface units with communal heat off-take can improve the economic and financial viability of new schemes, and often results in additional floorspace available to the developer.
- The presence of **publically owned buildings**. Public organisations can have policy objectives which may make them more likely to connect to DH networks, such as carbon reduction commitments and tackling fuel poverty.

Having a cluster of buildings which are characterised by as many of the above factors as possible is considered essential for a more efficient and cost effective DH network.

The identified clusters within the London Borough of Merton were then visualised for this report using the London Heat Map data, along with the key reasons for their identification and the recommended next steps should the London Borough of Merton wish to investigate the cluster opportunity further.

Where buildings within an identified cluster had no fuel consumption data, this has been calculated using recognised CIBSE heat consumption benchmarks for the building typology and the gross internal floor area of the building. In cases where the floor area was also unavailable this has been approximated. The estimated capacity required for each cluster has then been calculated using the recognised average number of hours that heat is required in a year (2250hrs/year).

6 Cluster Analysis for Merton

Each of the clusters is described in more detail below. The descriptions are based on a desk top analysis of data provided by the borough and as such provide a high level indication of potential opportunities for DE schemes. It should be noted that site surveys were not carried out nor were any potential stakeholders contacted as part of this analysis. The cluster analysis represents potential opportunities that will require further feasibility and assessment before progressing to the next stage of development.

6.1 Cluster analysis

In order to support the feasibility of a DE network and adequate level of heat demand within a certain area is required. The denser is the area, the higher is the potential for DE.

Not only density, but also a balanced heat demand is very important for DE schemes. This is because different building types have different heat requirements and usage profiles throughout a normal operating day. As an example, residential buildings have a peak heating demand twice a day normally between 7 and 9am and 6 to 9pm, which is when people have a high requirement of Domestic Hot Water (DHW) mainly for showers. A commercial building instead, (e.g. offices and public buildings) usually has a peak heat demand in the morning between 6 to 7am, due to a boiler start up, and keeps an sort of constant profile until about 7 to 8pm. Other buildings such as hospitals, leisure centres and laboratories have a constant high heat requirement almost 24/7.

These types of buildings are also called anchor heat loads and because they need a large and constant heat supply are therefore important actors in a DE network. Not only hospitals, laboratories and leisure centre are part of this category but also universities and big hotels. Therefore having a cluster of buildings which satisfy the above characteristics is considered essential for a more efficient and cost effective DE network. The possibility to identify any existing major heat supply plants in the Borough is also important for:

- implementation with the new DH network, if these still have a suitable lifetime;
- decommissioning and retrofitting existing plant in order to be part of a new DE scheme;
- connecting to a future DE network.

What is more, new developments can act a crucial part in a DE network, especially if this can be an anchor load and maybe also location of a major energy supply plant. New development can be ideal for future extensions of DE networks.

7 Potential Opportunities

The heat mapping process for the London Borough of Merton identified the potential opportunity areas for DE associated with existing and new major heat demands and supplies.

The opportunity areas have been defined and explained below.

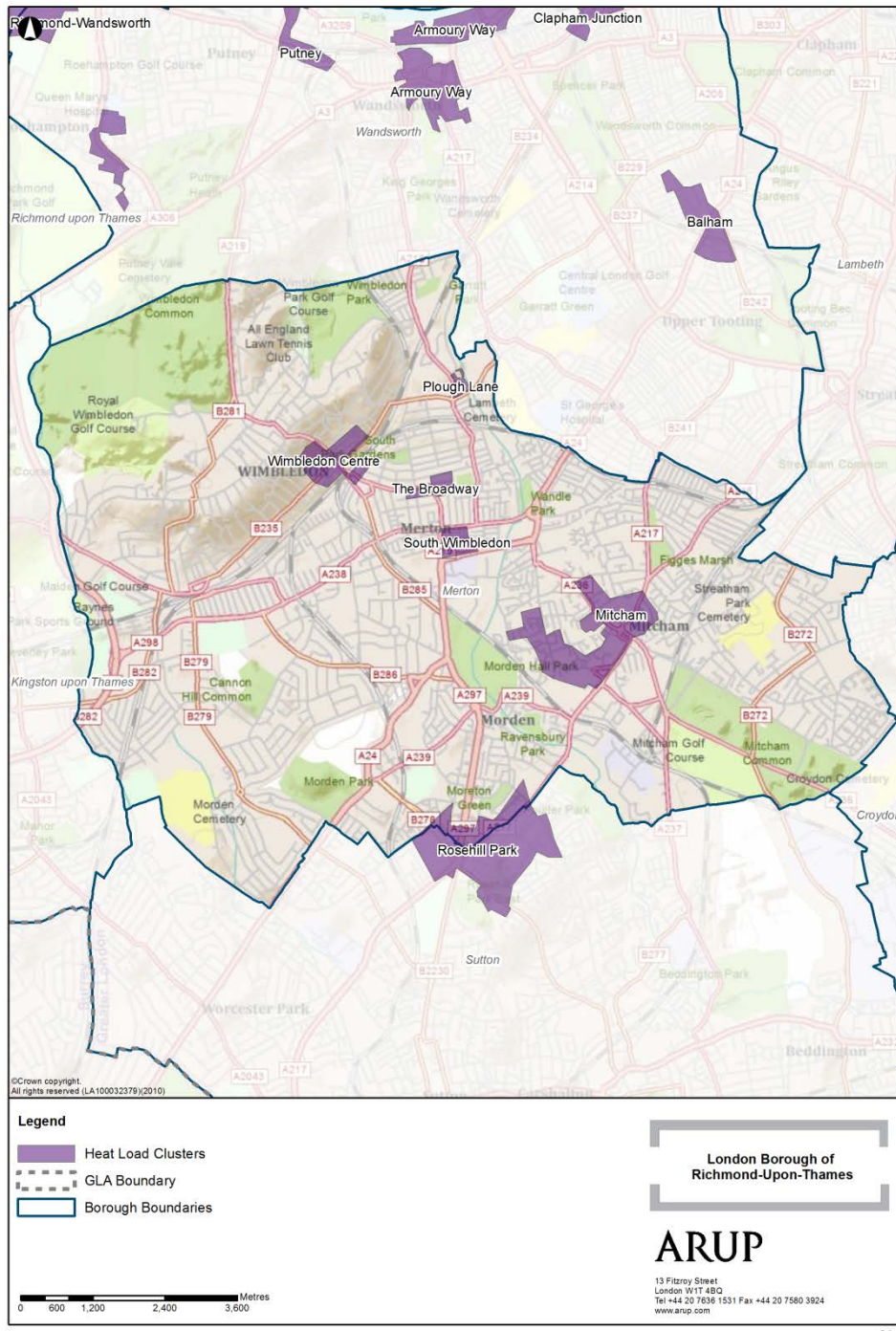


Figure 5. London Borough of Merton, showing location of potential opportunity areas.

7.1.1 Wimbledon Centre

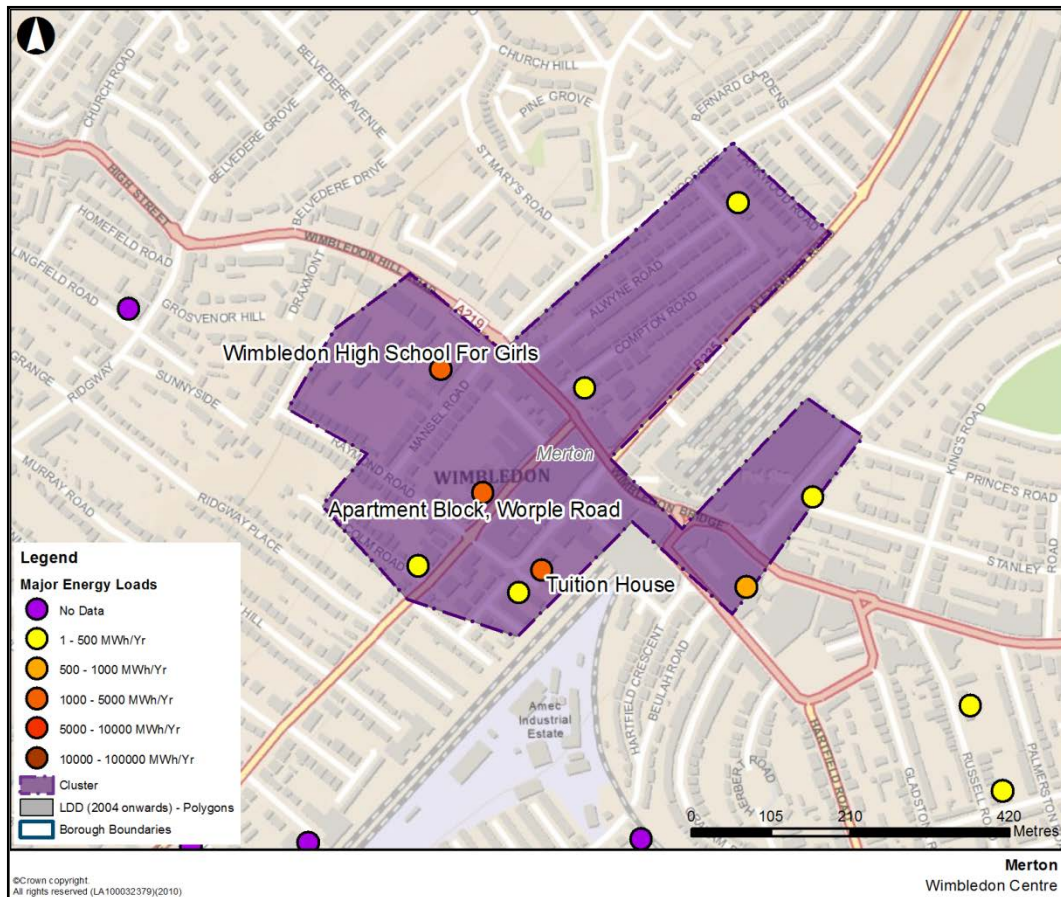


Figure 6. Central Wimbledon Cluster

Comments

The Central Wimbledon cluster comprises 11 existing buildings and encompasses two sites which have been allocated by the borough for new developments. These new sites have not yet been awarded planning consent and are only indicative of new developments. This cluster has been selected due to the high density of buildings in the area which are likely to have a large heat demand. The total heat demand was estimated, since data was only available for two of the 11 buildings with the others being benchmarked. The total annual estimated energy usage for the buildings identified is approximately 5.1GWh, with a maximum load of 3MW.

The cluster is approximately 0.25km² in area and has potential anchor loads, in Wimbledon High School, Tuition House (office building) and a residential development on Worple Road. Each of these buildings has an annual energy usage of over 1GWh. It is recommended that during a feasibility study for this area, the heating method for the anchor loads is determined since this will impact the possibility of implementation. For example, the project becomes more feasible if the buildings are heated communally, rather than via individual boilers. This is because the work may only be limited to the boiler house and would involve the removal of the existing central plant and the installation of a heat exchanger. In the event that the flats are heated by individual boilers, then it becomes more

difficult since the utilities within the building would likely require significant refurbishment. In this case, the connection to the heat network would likely only be feasible during a major building renovation.

This cluster has a good mix of building typology, indicating that the heat load profile will be sufficiently varied, and may be suitable for a DH network. The main geographical constraint on the cluster (which would require further investigation), is the integration of district heating pipework with existing utilities around the railway, which may act as a physical obstacle when laying the pipework. The railway line separates Wimbledon Police Station and Cannons Health and Fitness club from the rest of the buildings. Since neither of these are one of the most significant heat loads for the cluster, the feasibility of the whole scheme is not significantly lowered by the location of the railway.

There are two planned future developments located within the cluster, Wimbledon Site 3 and Site 4, which could be connected to the heat network. Their predicted energy consumption data and planned typology was unavailable at the time of writing.

Existing buildings

Name	Ownership	Typology	Fuel Consumption (MWh/yr)
The Rent Service, Tuition House	Central government	Central government estate	1,056.00*
21-33 Apartment 101, Worple Road, London	Private	Multi-address buildings	1,036.44
Wimbledon High School For Girls	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	1,011.00*
Cannons Health & Fitness Ltd	Private	Sport & Leisure facilities	535.60*
Hyatt Hotels & Resorts Ltd	Private	Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m ²)	443.52*
Willington School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	292.50*
Wimbledon Police Station 15-23, Metropolitan Police	Other public	Police stations	288.00*
Wimbledon Library	Local Government	Other public buildings	217.82
Justin James Hotel	Private	Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m ²)	141.90*
Esporta Health Clubs Ltd	Private	Sport & Leisure facilities	78.28*
Total Annual Fuel Demand			5,101MWh/yr

* Benchmarked figures based on CIBSE guidelines

Total Fuel Consumption	5,101 MWh/yr
Total Estimated Heat Demand	4,081 MWh/yr
Estimated Peak Heat Load	1.81 MW

Planned developments

Name	Ownership	Typology	Fuel Consumption (MWh)
Wimbledon Site 3	Not available	Other public buildings	Not available
Wimbledon Site 4	Not available	Other public buildings	Not available

Further Steps

- Contact those loads with no data available and confirm the accuracy of the benchmarked estimates used in this study.
- Investigate possible new developments that could connect to a network in this area which have not been identified in this study.
- Engage with potential anchor loads to determine plant-replacement dates
- Explore the vicinity for additional public / private loads that have not yet been captured in this analysis.

7.1.2 The Broadway

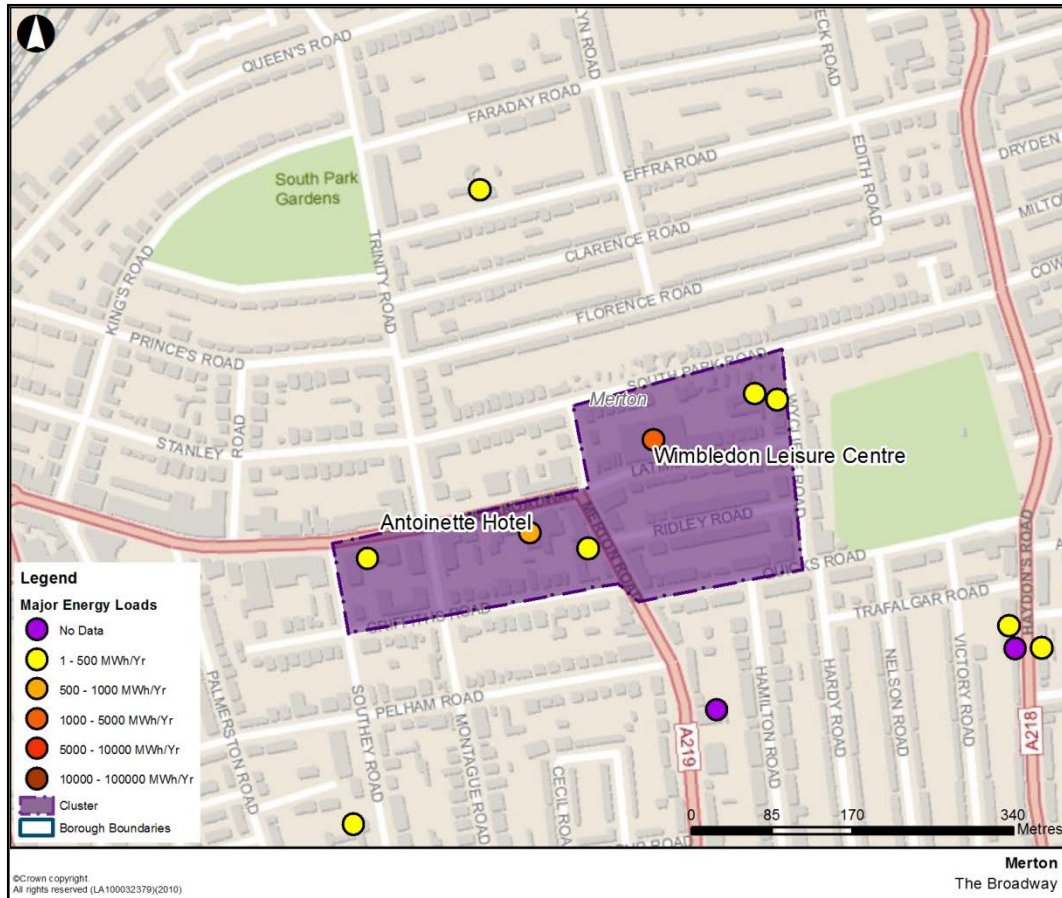


Figure 7. The Broadway Cluster

Comments

There may be the opportunity for a heat network in the Broadway area, with the Wimbledon Leisure Centre providing a potential anchor load. The total estimated fuel consumption for the 6 building cluster is 3880MWh/yr. Fuel consumption has been estimated for three of the buildings where data was unavailable. The close proximity of the buildings lends itself to a heat network, with few identified geographical constraints within the 0.074km² area. A heat network in the area should be able to reach buildings for connection via the smaller residential streets, meaning there should only be a requirement to cross the main road, rather than lay pipework along the length of it. Access issues would need to be investigated further to identify any constraints for consideration.

The Wimbledon Leisure Centre is likely to be a good anchor load, since sports facilities have a high energy demand throughout the year which would act as a base load for the network. It was noted that the Leisure Centre has recently undergone renovations, however it is unknown at this stage what changes, if any, were included for energy provision as part of this work. The leisure centre is publicly owned and operated. It should be noted that four of the six buildings identified are privately owned, engagement early in development process is advisable to determine their interest in the project.

There is a mix of typologies between office, residential, commercial and sports and leisure which would suit the application of a heat network. However it should be noted that the feasibility of the network may be reliant on providing connections to the private buildings identified, which make up roughly half of the heat demand. Connection contracts may be more difficult to negotiate when dealing with a number of private entities.

Existing buildings

Name	Ownership	Typology	Fuel Consumption (MWh/yr)
Wimbledon Leisure Centre	Local Government	Sport & Leisure facilities	1696.95
Antoinette Hotel	Private	Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	924.00*
Viscount Point	Local Government	Multi-address buildings	444.19
Maritum Hotel	Private	Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	396.00*
Phoenix Hotel	Private	Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	396.00*
Parking Section Offices	Local Government	Local government estate	23.03
Total			3880.17

* Benchmarked figures based on CIBSE guidelines

Total Fuel Consumption	3380 MWh/yr
Total Estimated Heat Demand	3104 MWh/yr
Estimated Peak Heat Load	1.38 MW

Further Steps

- Contact those loads with no data available and confirm the accuracy of the benchmarked estimates used in this study.
- Engage with the Wimbledon Leisure Centre and Antoinette Hotel to determine existing energy provision to both and plant-replacement dates.
- Explore the vicinity for additional public / private loads that have not yet been captured in this analysis.

7.1.3 South Wimbledon

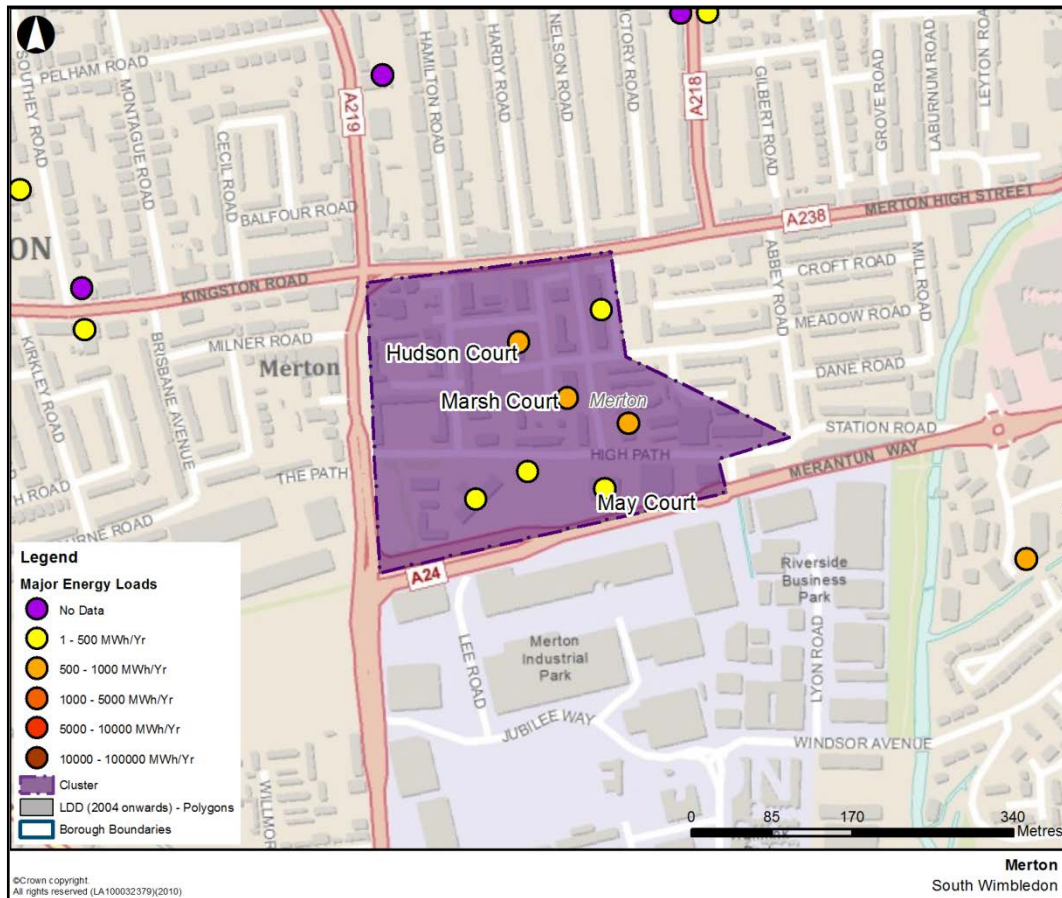


Figure 8. South Wimbledon Cluster

Comments

The South Wimbledon cluster comprises 7 buildings over a 0.094km² area between Merton High Street and Merantun Way. Collected data suggests a total fuel demand of almost 2GWh/yr. Three large publicly owned residential buildings provide the majority of the heat load for the cluster, Hudson Court, Marsh Court and May Court, which have a combined fuel demand of over 1.5GWh/yr. These buildings appear to be of a similar age and construction so it is possible that their plant equipment will require replacement over a similar timescale, thus presenting an opportunity. This means they could be connected to a district heating network, however it should be investigated how these flats are currently heated: by individual boiler or by a communal system with centralised plant. If the flats are heated centrally, it would significantly increase the feasibility and viability of the scheme since it would not require significant building retrofit to connect the large anchor loads to a network. Private leaseholders would need to be identified and engaged at an early stage.

There are several small schools and children's centres which could connect into the network, however three quarters of the demand identified in the cluster is comprised of the large mansion blocks. This would result in the demand profile for the network strongly following that of the residential development with peak demand occurring during mornings and evenings. In order to provide a more

constant heat demand, connections to more buildings could be investigated to increase the diversity of the building types if this emerges as a barrier to the scheme. During this process no other public sector buildings have been identified for inclusion, however there may be potential to connect to buildings in the proximity such as Merton Evangelical Church on Rodney Place or the commercial properties on Merton High Street.

No serious geographical constraints have been identified since the area is primarily high density residential with no issues for access. South Wimbledon Tube Station is located in the North East of the cluster and the Northern Line underground tunnel runs from along the north of the cluster along Merton High Street. This should be considered when planning the laying of pipework in the area since the location and depth of trenches may be constrained.

Existing buildings

Name	Ownership	Typology	Fuel Consumption (MWh/yr)
Hudson Court	Local Government	Multi-address buildings	514.32
Marsh Court	Local Government	Multi-address buildings	514.32
May Court	Local Government	Multi-address buildings	514.32
Merton Abbey Primary School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	228.99
High Path Community Day Centre	Local Government	Other public buildings	112.51
Merton Abbey Children's Centre	Local Government	Other public buildings	50.00
Mychell House (No 1)	Local Government	Other public buildings	20.38
Total			1954.85

* Benchmarked figures based on CIBSE guidelines

Total Fuel Consumption	1955 MWh/yr
Total Estimated Heat Demand	1564 MWh/yr
Estimated Peak Heat Load	0.70 MW

Further Steps

- Engage with the social housing estates to determine if the buildings are communally heated and any planned plant-replacement dates.
- Explore the vicinity for additional public / private loads that have not yet been captured in this analysis.

7.1.4 Mitcham

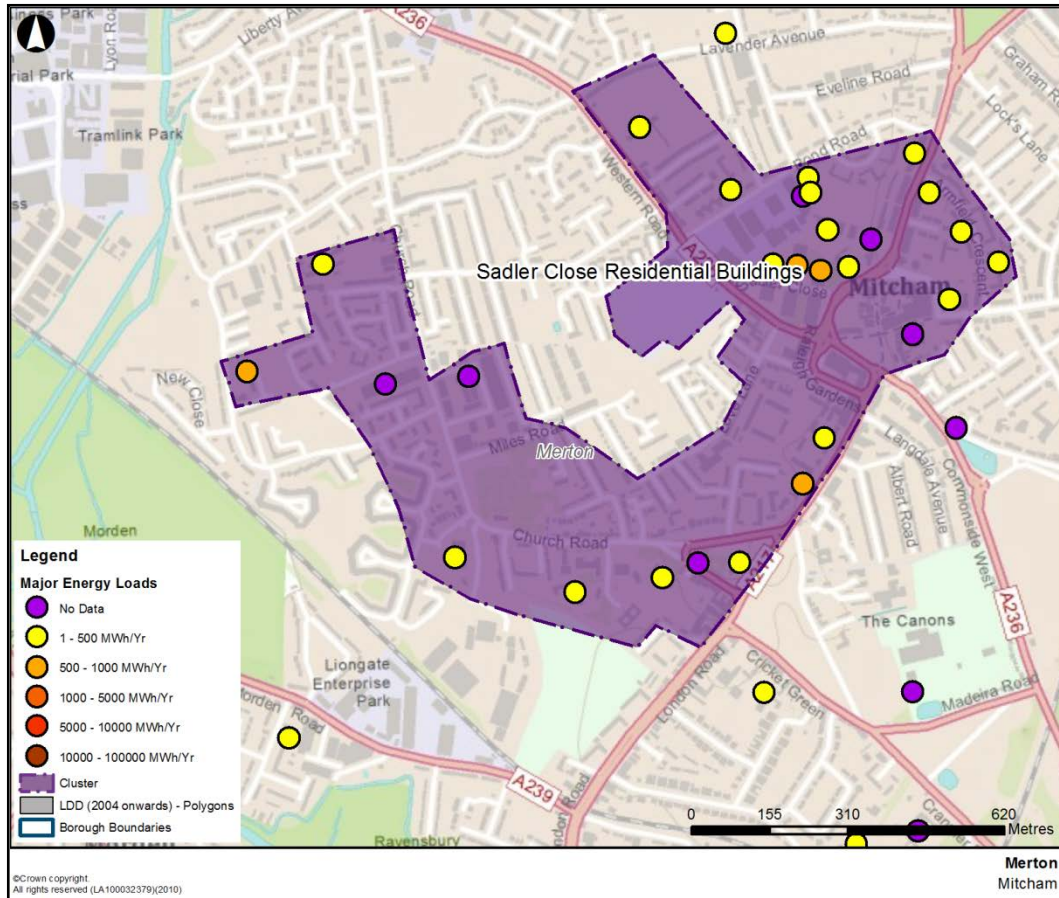


Figure 9. Mitcham Cluster

Comments

The Mitcham cluster comprises 23 buildings between central Mitcham and Morden Hall Park. It is the largest cluster identified in the London Borough of Merton with a total identified fuel demand of 8.3GWh and covers an area of approximately 0.75km². The cluster covers 11 future developments which have been identified by the borough, however these are in the very early stages, pre-planning and as such there is no certainty of what will be built or any timescales for the project.

Gladstone House (0.9GWh/yr) or Fountain House (0.8GW/yr) on Sadler Close could provide a suitable anchor load for a heat network. There is a good variation in building use across the cluster which would mean that the heat demand profile from the network would be varied enough to support a DE scheme. The majority of the large heat loads are from residential buildings; however there are enough mixed use developments, schools and other building types to distribute the load throughout the day. It is unclear at this stage of the study how the large residential developments are heated; however it would present an opportunity to develop a network if their heating systems may be considered for replaced in the near future. If this is the case, then it may be possible at that time to investigate their inclusion

in a new heat network as the anchor load. There may be space around the Sadler Close development for an energy centre but this is subject to further investigation.

The data indicates that the large residential blocks on Saddler Close are privately owned. This would suggest that their inclusion in a district heating scheme would be subject to them being already prepared for a connection to a DH network. The level of renovation work required to retrofit is likely to require a strong business case.

If required, it may be possible to increase the head load for the network by including some of the commercial developments nearby, data for which has not been included in this study, but may still be interested in engaging with the scheme. The large size of this cluster would suggest that phased expansion and connection may be suitable. It is envisaged that any initial feasibility work will be conducted in the area between Sadler Close and Holborn Way since this is where the largest heat loads are located. Future expansion could then move south, along London Road.

Existing buildings

Name	Ownership	Typology	Fuel Consumption (MWh/yr)
Gladstone House	Private	Multi-address buildings	927.34
Fountain House	Private	Multi-address buildings	818.24
Frensham Court	Private	Multi-address buildings	576.67
Glebe Court	Private	Multi-address buildings	506.53
Chart House	Private	Multi-address buildings	490.95
19 Holborn Way	Private	Multi-address buildings	483.15
Liberty Middle School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	471.74
Sir Arthur Bliss Court	Private	Multi-address buildings	467.57
Cricket Green Special School	Local government	Education facilities	444.80
Coningsby Court	Private	Multi-address buildings	436.40
Paxton Court	Private	Multi-address buildings	420.81
Glebe Court	Private	Multi-address buildings	397.43
Haslemere Primary School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	378.64
Benedict Primary School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	339.12
Bond Primary School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	311.24
Melrose School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	251.95
Vestry Hall	Local Government	Other public buildings	209.66
St. Marks Primary School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	201.01

Mitcham Library	Local Government	Other public buildings	116.52
David Nicholas Creche	Local Government	Other public buildings	34.27
Supported Living Team	Local Government	Other public buildings	10.63
Bond Road School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	1.18
Mitcham Fire Station	Other public	Fire stations	0.14
Total			8295.98

* Benchmarked figures based on CIBSE guidelines

Total Fuel Consumption	8296 MWh/yr
Total Estimated Heat Demand	6637 MWh/yr
Estimated Peak Heat Load	2.95 MW

Name	Ownership	Typology	Fuel Consumption (MWh)
Mitcham Site 3 - 16	Not Available	Other public buildings	Not Available

Further Steps

- Engage with potential residential anchor loads in Sadler Close to determine plant-replacement dates – it is possible this may be in the near future.
- Explore the vicinity for additional public / private loads that have not yet been captured in this analysis.
- Ensure the future developments are built with capacity to connect to a DH network.

7.1.5 Plough Lane

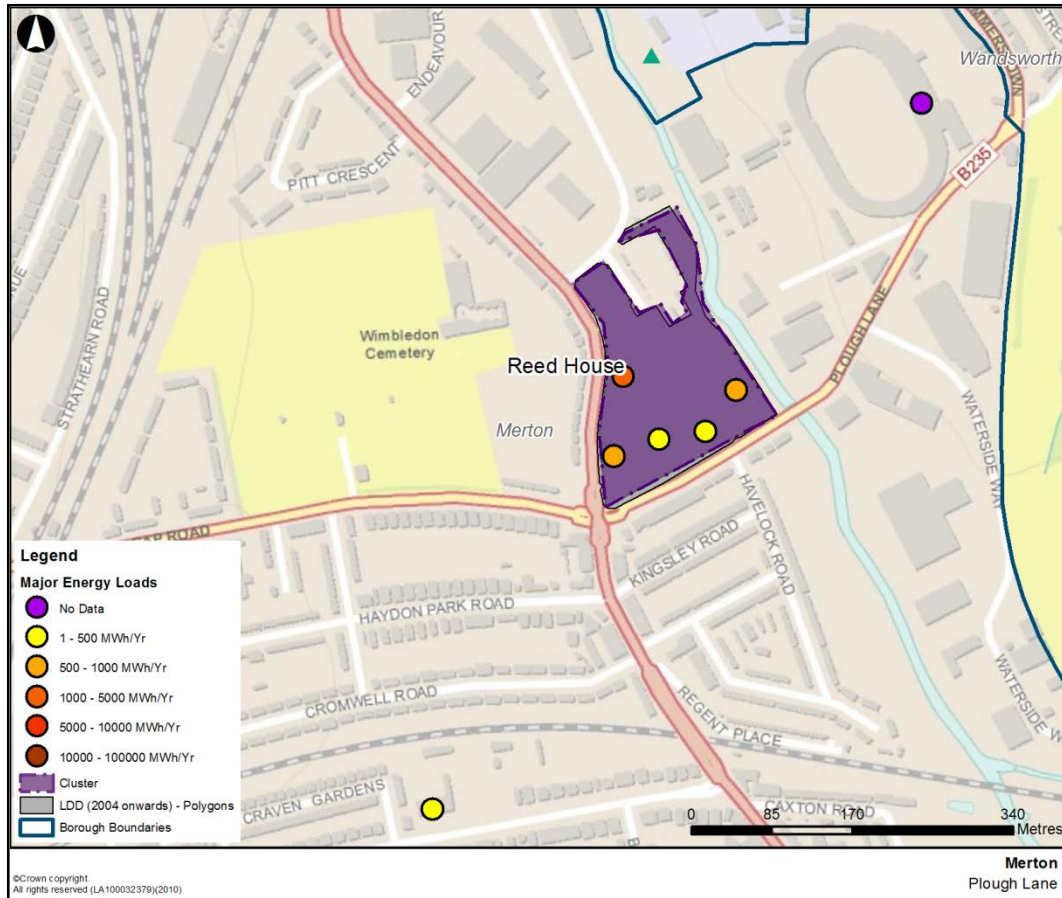


Figure 10. Plough Lane Cluster

Comments

The Plough Lane cluster of buildings is comprised of newly built private accommodation blocks which have a total fuel demand of 3.8GWh/yr. This opportunity offers a high energy density in small area which may suit a heat network.

The development is made up of four blocks, of which Reed house has the highest energy demand, 1.4GWh/yr. It is not known how these buildings are heated, which could be centrally or via communal plant equipment. The feasibility of the scheme would be improved if the buildings were heated communally, since it may only require the replacement of the existing boilers at the end of their economic life with a CHP engine, and the addition of smaller back up and top up boilers. The buildings appear to have been completed in the last four years so may have been future-proofed for connection to a DH network. Connections between buildings would be simple when compared to a larger heat network since there would be little to no requirement for road closures and the pipework runs would be short in length.

The development appears to be entirely residential in makeup, which would suggest a highly variable heat load characteristic with typical high demands in the morning and evening and low heat requirement for the rest of the day. In order to

develop a more constant demand profile which would better suit a DH network, the inclusion of other building typologies would be recommended. One possibility in this area would be to connect to the large commercial retail park to the north of the development, however there are associated complexities when dealing with commercial entities so early engagement during the feasibility stage is encouraged.

The residential buildings have only recently been completed, which would indicate that they will not be considering any plant replacement in the near future, likely to be upwards of fifteen years for new boiler equipment, it is however recommended that this development be earmarked for future feasibility study with engagement from the building operators.

Existing buildings

Name	Ownership	Typology	Fuel Consumption (MWh)
Reed House	Private	Multi-address buildings	1433.88
Bassett House	Private	Multi-address buildings	732.52
Stannard House	Private	Multi-address buildings	639.01
Cork House	Private	Multi-address buildings	483.15
Lawrie House	Private	Multi-address buildings	483.15
Total			3771.72
Total Fuel Consumption			3772 MWh/yr
Total Estimated Heat Demand			3017 MWh/yr
Estimated Peak Heat Load			1.34 MW

Further Steps

As mentioned in the comments regarding the cluster analysis for Plough Lane, this opportunity is not likely to be feasible until the residential developments require significant refurbishment. Since they have only recently been completed, the heating systems in the building are unlikely to require replacement within at least 15 years.

- Engage with the buildings operators and the property managers for the commercial retail park north of the cluster.
- Identify specific potential anchor loads and determine plant-replacement dates (even if, as expected, this is not in the near future)
- Explore the vicinity for additional public / private loads that have not yet been captured in this analysis.

7.2 Cross-Borough opportunities

7.2.1 Rosehill Park

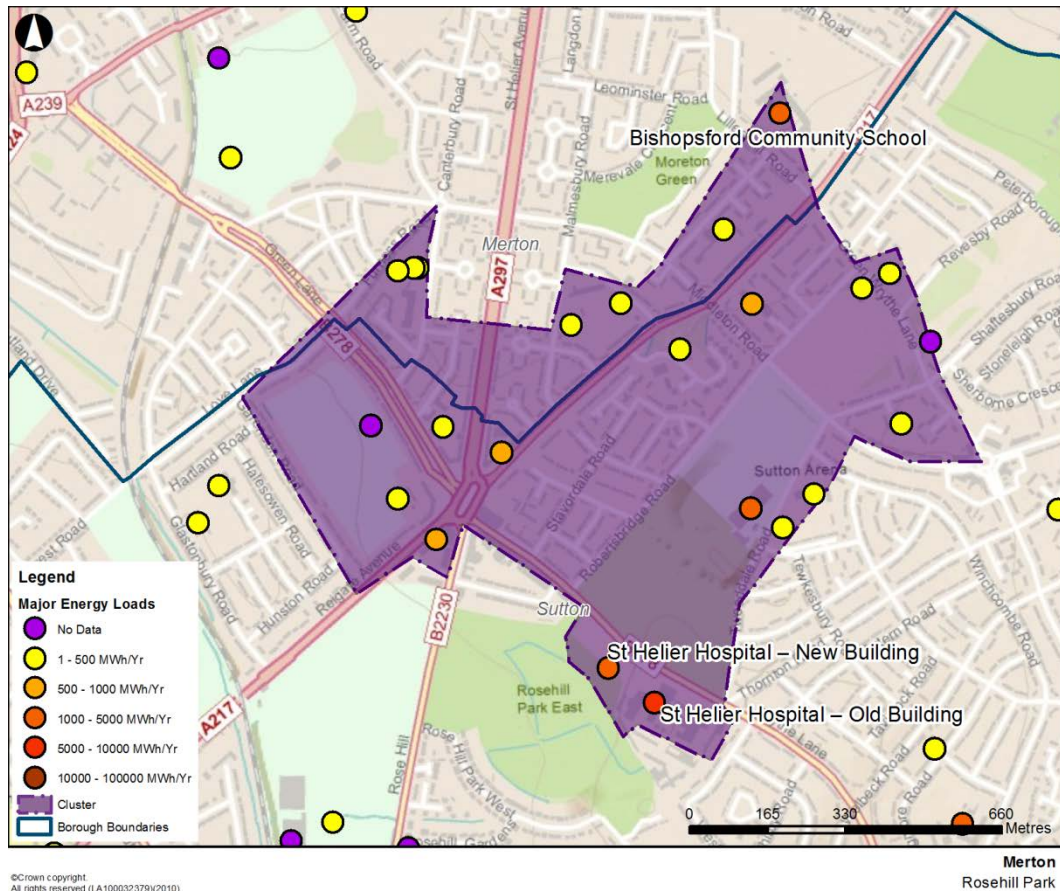


Figure 11. Plough Lane Cluster

Comments

Rosehill Park was identified as a robust opportunity in the heat mapping report for the London Borough of Sutton. This study into the opportunities in Merton has indicated several areas close to the border with Sutton which would be suitable for inclusion in a DE scheme in the area. The network would utilise the heat demand from St Helier Hospital as the anchor for the network, which has a fuel consumption of 9.5GWh/yr.

The report for Sutton does not consider cross-borough opportunities for DE networks, but describes the Rosehill area as follows:

Rosehill appears to offer robust technical characteristics for DE delivery, whilst also mitigating management and delivery risks due to the number of priority buildings that are publicly owned. The application of the optimised CHP plant capacities (1.29MWe) in the Rosehill could potentially contribute CO₂ emissions savings of approximately 14% (2.8ktCO₂) in this area of opportunity.

The Rosehill Area also contains a large number of educational facilities (secondary and primary schools) and a leisure centre, which all surround St Helier Hospital. St Helier Hospital and the Sutton Arena Leisure Centre acting as anchor heat load consumers, St Helier Hospital anchoring an energy centre, and the educational centres providing a sufficient diversity of consumer types meet the technical criteria for DE implementation and improve the commercial viability of an ESCo operating in this area of opportunity. A limited range of stakeholders minimises delivery risk as the Council will be able to gain buy-in more readily.⁵

The most significant addition to the heat network identified in the study for the London Borough of Sutton, would be Bishopsford Community School. This building would have the 3rd highest fuel demand in the network after the two buildings that make up St Helier's Hospital, with a fuel demand of 1.9GWh/yr.

Bishopsford Community School would require a pipework connection of approximately 1.5km from an energy centre located at St Helier Hospital. If there are sufficient heat loads along the route that connects the school to the energy centre, this would be a suitable connection; however it is unlikely that this length network spur could be justified by the demand from the school alone.

As was established in the report for Sutton, the total heat demand and variety in building topology may make this scheme feasible from a technical perspective.

There do not appear to be any geographical constraints which would inhibit the extension of the DH network into the London Borough of Merton, so the development of this scheme should be discussed with representatives from the London Borough of Sutton to move forwards. Since the majority of the heat demand for the cluster, including the principle anchor load is located within the London Borough of Sutton, it would be advised to follow their lead in the development of this heat network opportunity.

⁵ Excerpt from London Borough of Sutton, Heat Mapping Study, Final Issue - March 2011, URS Corporation Ltd

Existing buildings

Name	Ownership	Typology	Fuel Consumption (MWh/yr)
St Helier Hospital	NHS	NHS	9500.00
St Helier Hospital - New Building	NHS	NHS	4683.00
Bishopsford Community School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	1855.05
Sutton Arena Leisure Centre	Local government (Sutton)	Sport & Leisure facilities	1547.20
Rosehill Court	Unknown	Multi-address buildings	972.80
Festival Court	Unknown	Multi-address buildings	656.64
St.Peter's Church	Church	Churches	623.70
St.Helier Methodist Church	Church	Churches	455.10
St. Theresa's School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	421.41
Tweeddale Primary School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	412.95
Chaucer Centre	Local Government	Other public buildings	342.78
Green Wrythe Primary School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	333.40
Malmesbury Primary School	Local Education Authority	Education facilities	316.14
Hill House Community Centre	Local Government	Other public buildings	194.85
Smart Centre	Local Government	Education facilities	146.73
The Quad Youth Centre	Local Government	Other public buildings	141.70
Middleton Circle Library	Local Government	Local government estate	127.68
Tweeddale Play Centre (Now Tweeddale Children's Centre)	Local Government	Education facilities	99.96
Newminster Children's Centre	Local Government	Other public buildings	53.29
Thomas Wall Park Pavilion	Unknown	Other public buildings	48.79
Merton Home Care	Local Government	Other public buildings	28.93
Twisted Monkey	Private	Museums & Art Galleries	16.25
Total Fuel Consumption			22,978 MWh/yr
Total Estimated Heat Demand			18,383 MWh/yr

Estimated Peak Heat Load	8.17 MW
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Buildings shown in orange are located in The London Borough of Merton.

Further Steps

- Confirm loads with building occupiers in Merton to verify demand on this side of the borough boundary.
- Open a dialogue with planners in the London Borough of Sutton to establish their aims with the project going forwards.
- Engage with Bishopsford Community School loads to determine plant-replacement dates.
- Explore the vicinity for additional public / private loads that have not yet been captured in this analysis.

8 Implementation Plan

The following table outlines priorities and next steps, moving forwards with DE in The London Borough of Merton.

DE Opportunity Area	Priority	Constraints	Next Steps for delivering DE schemes
Wimbledon Centre	Medium	Proximity to railway line and associated difficulties with integration of DH pipework.	Approach building owners and operators to gauge interest in scheme. Further feasibility study work required.
The Broadway	Medium	Progress subject to inclusion of strong anchor load in Wimbledon Leisure Centre.	Open a dialogue with Wimbledon Leisure Centre to determine their support for the scheme and to see if they may have space to accommodate an energy centre. Further feasibility study work required.
South Wimbledon	Medium	If large residential blocks are individually heated it may be difficult to encourage them to refit entire building for DE connection.	Open dialogue with operators of Hudson Court, Marsh Court and May Court who will act as anchor loads for network to determine their interest in the scheme. Further feasibility study work required.
Mitcham	High	If large residential blocks are individually heated it may be difficult to encourage them to refit entire building for DE connection.	Investigate the opportunity to deploy a DE scheme to serve the large residential buildings on Sadler Close. Investigate how these buildings are heated and if they are open to connection. Further feasibility study work required.
Rosehill Park	Low	Engagement with London Borough of Sutton	Liaise with London Borough of Sutton regarding their intentions regarding implementing DE in St Helier Hospital and the surrounding area.
Plough Lane	Low	Private building operators are unlikely to want to connect to DE scheme in near future since residential development is newly completed.	It is likely that the new residential buildings (anchor loads) may not require any refurbishment work in the near future so should be noted for future development purposes.

9 Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the data made available in this heat mapping exercise, it has been found that there are six heat load clusters that offer varying degrees of opportunity for the implementation of DE and DH schemes in the London Borough of Merton.

9.1 Opportunity areas

The following areas have been identified as opportunity areas

Wimbledon Centre: A 5.1GWh/yr cluster comprised of 11 buildings. This cluster was rated as a medium priority and contains three potential anchor loads.

The Broadway: 3.3GWh/yr of fuel demand spread across 6 buildings. The Wimbledon Leisure may act as a suitable anchor load and should be approached to determine their engagement with a scheme in the area. This cluster was rated as a medium priority.

South Wimbledon: a 2GWh/yr cluster totalling 7 buildings centred on three large social housing blocks. This has been determined to be a medium opportunity for the deployment of a DE scheme and these social housing blocks could be approached to determine their level of interest in a scheme.

Mitcham: The Mitcham cluster is comprised of 23 buildings and has an annual fuel demand of 8.3GWh. It is the largest cluster identified and it is anticipated that the installation of any networks would be phased from north to south.

Plough Lane: 3.8GWh/yr located within a cluster of 5 buildings in the northeast of Merton. The buildings are newly built and may have been constructed with the ability to connect to a future network. This should be determined to allow further investigation into the location of an energy centre to take place.

Rosehill Park: is a cross borough opportunity with the London Borough of Sutton. It was identified in the study undertaken by the London Borough of Sutton in the previous round of heat mapping. There is a significant heat load centred around St Helier Hospital which may warrant a heat network in the area which could extend into the London Borough of Merton.

9.2 Next steps

Each cluster has had steps identified to progress towards DE in the area. These steps vary for each cluster which should be viewed individually, however the common steps to move forwards with the process are as follows:

- Identify buildings within or close to the clusters for which data was unavailable during this study. It may be possible to incorporate these into the cluster and by increasing the heat load, the commercial feasibility of the network is likely to be improved.
- Engage with the anchor loads for networks within the cluster to determine their engagement with a scheme in the area. It would also be useful to understand the heating systems in the major buildings and their plant replacement strategies.

- In cases where there are significant geographical constraints facing a DE network, investigate the potential for smaller networks operating independently. It is possible that future links could be made over the lifetime of DH scheme.

9.3 Additional opportunities for DE

It should also be noted that there may be other potential opportunities in the borough that achieve the wider aims of decentralised energy schemes, namely; decarbonisation of the energy supply, reduced fuel poverty and increased security of supply.

To fully understand the opportunities for wider decentralised energy opportunities is outside the scope of this Heat Map report, which has specifically focused on opportunities for developing heat networks within the London Borough of Merton. More detailed analysis would be required to identify opportunities for renewable and low carbon energy resource within the borough. These could be delivered through a range of programmes of work could include:

- Implementing other technological interventions such as solar thermal, small scale biomass boilers, ground source heat pumps, air source heat pumps, photovoltaic panels (PV) and appropriately sized wind turbines
- Contributing to the decarbonisation of the national gas and electricity grids, perhaps through energy from waste mechanisms or other renewable resources
- Identifying a suitable addition to any proposed Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) that would allow the borough to fund carbon reduction infrastructure
- Setting up a local carbon fund collected through the planning process to enable the borough to prioritise carbon reduction programmes

Ultimately these programmes of work could help the London Borough of Merton to meet their carbon reduction targets and contribute towards the Mayor of London's carbon reduction commitment of 60% by 2025.

Appendix A

Populated templates and Categories

A1

Populated template

OXS	OYS	Name	Address	Postcode	Ownership	New Development	Typology	Heating supply	Fuel source	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWh/yr)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWh/yr)	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Number of dwellings	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	Year of Construction	Year of data collection	Start date	Completion date	Data Source	Confidentiality of data	Attach file	Borough	Real or estimated data?	Notes
526808	170382	Browns Fitness Club	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	SW19 2HR		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	
524900	170518	Cannons Health & Fitness Ltd	37, The Broadway, London	SW19 1QB		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			535.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	
527865	168345	Canons Leisure Centre	The Canons, Madeira Road, Mitcham	CR4 4HD		No	Sport & Leisure facilities	Individual boilers	Natural gas	1856.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Real	
526218	171834	Christophers Squash & Fitness	Wimbledon Stadium, Plough Lane, London	SW17 0BL		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	
523730	168913	David Lloyd Leisure Ltd	Bushey Road, London	SW20 8DE		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	
524761	170185	Dundonald Recreation Ground	Flat 7 Kingfisher Court 1, Dundonald Road, London	SW19 3QH		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	
524552	170642	Esporta Health Clubs Ltd	21-33, Worple Road, London	SW19 4JS		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			78.28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Benchmarked	
527866	169054	Fitness First Ltd	1-3, Upper Green East, Mitcham	CR4 2PE		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	
526342	170826	Holmes Place Health Club				No	Sport & Leisure facilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	
526820	168955	Millbrook Health Care	Unit 2, Batsworth Road, Mitcham	CR4 3BX		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	
524459	167717	Morden Park School		SM4 5QX		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS	
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
																									Sports Centre			
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW20 8DN	594, Kingston Road, London	Results Health & Fitness Ltd	169334	523511
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No				Sports Centre	172204	524483
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		CR4 1DH	Playing Fields, Tamworth Lane, Mitcham, Surrey	Westminster City School	168769	528899
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Central government		Central government estate	No	Central government	SM4 5DX	Merton Civic Centre London Road ,Morden	The London Borough of Merton	168474	525577
	Benchmarked	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1056	-			Central government estate	No	Central government	SW19 4EU	Tuition House 27-37 St. Georges Road ,London	The Rent Service	170540	524630
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	372.879	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		KT3 4ND	SACRED HEART RC PRIMARY SCHOOL	SACRED HEART RC PRIMARY SCHOOL	168302	522517	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	387.167	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW200BZ	WEST WIMBLEDON PRIMARY SCHOOL	WEST WIMBLEDON PRIMARY SCHOOL	168885	522774	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	141.933	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW200JL	RAYNES PARK HIGH SCHOOL	RAYNES PARK HIGH SCHOOL	168610	522579	
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		SW200EG	ROWANS SCHOOL	ROWANS SCHOOL	170384	522454

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3987.47	-	405.169	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SM4 4QU	ARAGON PRIMARY SCHOOL	ARAGON PRIMARY SCHOOL	166995	523946
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	258.039	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW209NA	ST. JOHN FISHER RC PRIMARY SCHOOL	ST. JOHN FISHER RC PRIMARY SCHOOL	167656	523499
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2202.81	-	108.449	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW200SQ	HOLLYMOUNT PRIMARY SCHOOL	HOLLYMOUNT PRIMARY SCHOOL	169842	523143
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13060	-	1336.541	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW208HA	URSULINE HIGH SCHOOL	URSULINE HIGH SCHOOL	169946	523684
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		SW208HF	HALL SCHOOL	HALL SCHOOL	169916	523764
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		SW194TT	KING'S COLLEGE SCHOOL	KING'S COLLEGE SCHOOL	170678	523447
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2439.73	-	424.125			Education facilities	No		SM4 4SJ	HATFIELD PRIMARY SCHOOL	HATFIELD PRIMARY SCHOOL	167361	524097
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2716.18	-	597.379			Education facilities	No		SM4 4EE	HILLCROSS MIDDLE SCHOOL	HILLCROSS MIDDLE SCHOOL	168083	524580
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3708.14	-	513.121	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW193QB	WIMBLEDON CHASE MIDDLE SCHOOL	WIMBLEDON CHASE MIDDLE SCHOOL	169733	524394

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		SW193QX	THE GROVE NURSERY SCHOOL	THE GROVE NURSERY SCHOOL	169809	524848
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12029	-	1585.941	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW209AD	RUTLISH SCHOOL	RUTLISH SCHOOL	169223	524742
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		SW196ZJ	CAMPAIGN AGAINST SCHOOL EXPULSION	CAMPAIGN AGAINST SCHOOL EXPULSION	170180	524321
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1601.1	-	228.671	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW193QH	DUNDONALD PRIMARY SCHOOL	DUNDONALD PRIMARY SCHOOL	170095	524583
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1011			Education facilities	No		SW194AB	WIMBLEDON HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS	WIMBLEDON HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS	170805	524496
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		SW194JA	WIM HIGH SCHOOL PLAYING FIELD CENTRE	WIM HIGH SCHOOL PLAYING FIELD CENTRE	170088	524148
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12523	-	1877.785	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW197HB	RICARDS LODGE HIGH SCHOOL	RICARDS LODGE HIGH SCHOOL	171489	524833
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2478.8	-	336.979	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW197EP	BISHOP GILPIN PRIMARY	BISHOP GILPIN PRIMARY	171337	524756

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS	
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
																								SCHOOL	Y SCHOOL			
	Benchmarked	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	292.5				Education facilities	No		SW197QQ	WILLINGTON SCHOOL	WILLINGTON SCHOOL	171025	524889
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2305.65	-	991.711	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SM4 5LT	ST. ANNES SCHOOL	ST. ANNES SCHOOL	167924	525601	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1347.22	-	151.598			Education facilities	No		SM4 5PX	MORDEN FIRST SCHOOL	MORDEN FIRST SCHOOL	167495	525115	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2203.09	-	353.51	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SM4 5JS	ABBOTSBURY PRIMARY SCHOOL	ABBOTSBURY PRIMARY SCHOOL	167776	525610	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2226.56	-	266.144	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW193JZ	POPLAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	POPLAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	168616	525305	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1254.06	-	228.986	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW192JY	MERTON ABBEY PRIMARY SCHOOL	MERTON ABBEY PRIMARY SCHOOL	169822	525912	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1133.4	-	259.288	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW193HQ	MERTON PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	MERTON PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	169312	525188	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1592.64	-	205.013	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW191QL	ST. MARYS RC PRIMARY SCHOOL	ST. MARYS RC PRIMARY SCHOOL	170361	525197	
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		SW191EG	SUNNYSIDE NURSERY	SUNNYSIDE NURSERY	170270	525813	

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
																								SCHOOL	NURSER Y SCHOOL		
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1523.8	-	197.121	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW191NU	PELHAM PRIMARY SCHOOL	PELHAM PRIMAR Y SCHOOL	170149	525429
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2502.99	-	303.387	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW198EJ	WIMBLEDON PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	WIMBLE DON PARK PRIMAR Y SCHOOL	172549	525490
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2725.65	-	316.143	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SM4 6HG	MALMESBURY PRIMARY SCHOOL	MALMES BURY PRIMAR Y SCHOOL	166961	526267
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11313	-	1855.05	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SM4 6DU	BISHOPSFORD COMMUNITY SCHOOL;	BISHOPS FORD COMMU NITY SCHOOL	167408	526709
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2569.58	-	421.411	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SM4 6RL	ST. THERESAS SCHOOL	ST. THERES AS SCHOOL	167162	526589
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		CR4 3TD	DOLPHIN SWIM SCHOOL	DOLPHI N SWIM SCHOOL	168971	526985
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2912.8	-	339.116	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 3BQ	BENEDICT PRIMARY SCHOOL	BENEDIC T PRIMAR Y SCHOOL	168612	526957
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2428.17	-	378.643	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 3PQ	HASLEMERE PRIMARY SCHOOL	HASLEM ERE PRIMAR	169193	526695

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS	
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
																									Y SCHOOL			
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1435.96	-	140.408	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW192NT	SINGLEGATE PRIMARY SCHOOL	SINGLEGATE PRIMARY SCHOOL	170285	526968	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2707.18	-	348.437	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		SW198SB	GARFIELD PRIMARY SCHOOL	GARFIELD PRIMARY SCHOOL	170941	526333	
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		SW191HL	SHARONA STAGE SCHOOL	SHARONA STAGE SCHOOL	170335	526129	
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		CR4 2QA	DATE VALLEY SCHOOL	DATE VALLEY SCHOOL	168869	527952	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1275.49	-	251.952	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 3BE	MELROSE SCHOOL	MELROSE SCHOOL	168543	527196	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3128	-	461.221	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 4XU	CRANMER MIDDLE SCHOOL	CRANMER MIDDLE SCHOOL	168044	527753	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2288.63	-	272.323	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 4LA	ST. PETER & ST. PAUL RC PRIMARY SCHOOL	ST. PETER & ST. PAUL RC PRIMARY SCHOOL	168344	527570	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2859.44	-	1.178	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 3HJ	BOND ROAD SCHOOL	BOND ROAD SCHOOL	169364	527658	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3712.19	-	471.735	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 3EB	LIBERTY MIDDLE SCHOOL	LIBERTY MIDDLE SCHOOL	169465	527324	

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1598.63	-	201.011	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 2LF	ST. MARKS PRIMARY SCHOOL	ST. MARKS PRIMARY SCHOOL	169123	527938
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2859.44	-	311.241	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 3HG	BOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	BOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	169262	527696
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		CR4 3HD	EAGLE HOUSE SCHOOL	EAGLE HOUSE SCHOOL	169243	527783
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		CR4 3HG	SCHOOL UNIFORM DIRECT	SCHOOL UNIFORM DIRECT	169328	527647
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2362.3	-	412.952	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 1SD	LONESOME PRIMARY SCHOOL	LONESOME PRIMARY SCHOOL	169447	528779
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		CR4 1SF	MITCHAM VALE HIGH SCHOOL	MITCHAM VALE HIGH SCHOOL	169241	528639
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2921.03	-	406.617	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Education facilities	No		CR4 2YA	GORRINGE PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	GORRINGE PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	169740	528303
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1489.46	-	168.1768			Education facilities	No		CR4 2HZ	BEECHOLME PRIMARY SCHOOL	BEECHOLME PRIMARY SCHOOL	169820	528624
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2644.01	-	228.92			Education facilities	No		SW179EH	LINKS PRIMARY SCHOOL	LINKS PRIMARY SCHOOL	170616	528358

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS	
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
																									SCHOOL			
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2712.41	-	494.536			Education facilities	No		CR4 1JP	SHERWOOD FIRST SCHOOL	SHERWOOD FIRST SCHOOL	168170	529443	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4127.81	-	747.309			Education facilities	No		CR4 1JW	GARDEN PRIMARY SCHOOL	GARDEN PRIMARY SCHOOL	168655	529751	
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Education facilities	No		CR4 1PF	GREENWOOD FIRST SCHOOL	GREENWOOD FIRST SCHOOL	168606	529670	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3099.3	-	439.758			Education facilities	No		CR4 1PJ	WILLIAM MORRIS PRIMARY SCHOOL	WILLIAM MORRIS PRIMARY SCHOOL	168652	529940	
	Real	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2297	-	242.614			Education facilities	No		SW165HB	STANFORD PRIMARY SCHOOL	STANFORD PRIMARY SCHOOL	169520	529841	
	Real	Merton		No	Meters			2009	1977	-	-	-	0.25	-	1010	-	0.28630884	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Fire stations	No	Other public	KT3 4LP	180 BURLINGTON ROAD	NEW MALDEN FIRE STATION	168103	522124	
	Real	Merton		No	Meters			2009	1988	-	0.015	0.55	0.34	-	1465	-	0.39129151	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Fire stations	No	Other public	SW19 1JN	37 KINGSTON ROAD	WIMBLEDON FIRE STATION	170045	525495	
	Real	Merton		No	Meters			2009	1928	-	-	-	0.12	-	352.6	-	0.14354744	Natural gas	Individual boilers	Fire stations	No	Other public	CR4 3AF	30 LOWER GREEN WEST	MITCHAM FIRE STATION	168600	527440	
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	No	Private	SM4 4SS	LOWER MORDEN LANE,	BEVERLY HOTEL	167295	523820	

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
																								MORDEN			
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	No	Private	SW209JT	HEYFORD AVENUE, LONDON	FIRST CHOICE MARKET ING HOTELS REPRESENTATION	168670	524882
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	141.9			Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	No	Private	SW194JZ	WORPLE ROAD, LONDON	JUSTIN JAMES HOTEL	170546	524466
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	No	Private	SW194HZ	WORPLE ROAD, LONDON	WIMBLE DON HOTEL	170175	524166
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	443.52			Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	No	Private	SW194DW	FRANCIS GROVE, LONDON	HYATT HOTELS & RESORTS LTD	170510	524599
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	No	Private	SW197AE	ALWYNE ROAD, LONDON	WORCES TER HOUSE HOTEL	171019	524850
	Benchmarked	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	924			Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	No	Private	SW191SD	THE BROADWAY, LONDON	ANTOINETTE HOTEL	170457	525615
	Benchmarked	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	396			Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	No	Private	SW191UF	BURGESS MEWS, LONDON	MARITUM HOTEL	170604	525853
	Benchmarked	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	396			Hotels (> 99 units or 4,999 m2)	No	Private	SW191ED	MERTON ROAD, LONDON	PHOENIX HOTEL	170441	525677
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1433.8752	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW198GU	FLAT 1 21 DURNSFORD ROAD LONDON	REED HOUSE	171545	525902

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS	
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
estimated only for residential Unit																												
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	483.1536	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW198GR	FLAT 1 5 DURNSFORD ROAD LONDON	CORK HOUSE	171487	525989	
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	66	-	-	514.3248	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW192LF	FLAT 1 PINCOTT ROAD LONDON	HUDSON COURT	169988	525957	
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	65	-	-	506.532	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW192RY	FLAT 1 2 CHAPTER WAY LONDON		169759	526494	
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	483.1536	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW198FP	FLAT 1 3 DURNSFORD ROAD LONDON	LAWRIE HOUSE	171479	525940	
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	145	-	-	1129.956	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW208RP	FLAT 1 WYKE ROAD LONDON	LANGHAM COURT	169462	523487	
GIFA estimated on	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	133	-	-	1036.4424	Natural		Multi-	No	Private	SW194BG	APARTMENT	21-33	170642	524552	

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit																		Gas (Estimated)		address buildings				101 WORPLE ROAD LONDON			
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	436.3968	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	CR4 2JT	FLAT 1 ARMFIELD CRESCENT MITCHAM	CONING SBY COURT	169197	528036
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	389.64	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW192BE	UNIT 6 93 PARK ROAD LONDON	KYLE COURT	170757	527021
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	119	-	-	927.3432	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	CR4 3EJ	FLAT 1 SADLER CLOSE MITCHAM	GLADSTONE HOUSE	169190	527636
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	420.8112	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	CR4 2JY	FLAT 1 ARMFIELD CRESCENT MITCHAM	PAXTON COURT	169258	527962
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	105	-	-	818.244	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	CR4 3EG	FLAT 1 SADLER CLOSE MITCHAM	FOUNTAIN HOUSE	169180	527682

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS	
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
Consumption estimated only for residential Unit																												
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	74	-	-	576.6672	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	CR4 3PG	FLAT 1 PHIPPS BRIDGE ROAD MITCHAM	FRENSHAM COURT	168981	526545	
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	59	-	-	459.7752	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	CR4 4DU	1 RAVENSBURY COURT MITCHAM		168254	526627	
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	66	-	-	514.3248	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW192LD	FLAT 1 PINCOTT ROAD LONDON	MARSH COURT	169902	526073	
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	483.1536	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	CR4 3FG	FLAT 15 19 HOLBORN WAY MITCHAM		169188	527738	
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	82	-	-	639.0096	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW198DN	FLAT 1 23 PLOUGH LANE LONDON	STANNARD HOUSE	171531	526021	

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	-	490.9464	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	CR4 3HX	FLAT 1 SADLER CLOSE MITCHAM	CHART HOUSE	169193	527588
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	467.568	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW198LB	FLAT 1 80 QUEENS ROAD LONDON	KATHLEEN GODFREY COURT	171035	525406
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	55	-	-	428.604	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW192RZ	FLAT 1 4 CHAPTER WAY LONDON		169814	526546
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	467.568	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	CR4 3TA	FLAT 1 210 LONDON ROAD MITCHAM	SIR ARTHUR BLISS COURT	169413	527869
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	444.1896	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW191NL	FLAT 1 199 THE BROADWAY LONDON	VISCOUNT POINT	170430	525444
GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	66	-	-	514.3248	Natural Gas (Estimated)		Multi-address buildings	No	Private	SW192LE	FLAT 1 PINCOTT ROAD	MAY COURT	169929	526009

OXS	OYS	Name	Address	Postcode	Ownership	New Development	Typology	Heating supply	Fuel source	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MW/h/yr)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MW/h/yr)	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Number of dwellings	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MW/h)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MW/h)	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	Year of Construction	Year of data collection	Start date	Completion date	Data Source	Confidentiality of data	Attach file	Borough	Real or estimated data?	Notes
526808	170382	Browns Fitness Club	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	SW19 2HR		No	Sport & Leisure facilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	
			LONDON						ed)																		80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit
527690	168849	GLEBE COURT	FLAT 181 LONDON ROAD MITCHAM	CR4 3NY	Private	No	Multi-address buildings		Natural Gas (Estimated)	397.4328	-	-	51	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit
525892	171461	BASSETT HOUSE	FLAT 1 1 DURNSFORD ROAD LONDON	SW198EA	Private	No	Multi-address buildings		Natural Gas (Estimated)	732.5232	-	-	94	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit
527647	168758	GLEBE COURT	FLAT 107 LONDON ROAD MITCHAM	CR4 3NJ	Private	No	Multi-address buildings		Natural Gas (Estimated)	506.532	-	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-				No		Merton	Estimated	GIFA estimated on number of Units- 1 unit estimated to be 80sq.m - Fuel Consumption estimated only for residential Unit
527739	170486	Swains Rd,		SW179JA	Local government	No	Multi-address buildings		Oil	1176	-	-	-	0.35	-	-	-	-	2008			Boiler Sites	No		Merton	Real	
527739	170486	Flanders Cres,		SW179JA	Local government	No	Multi-address buildings		Oil	1176	-	-	-	0.35	-	-	251.536934	-	2008			Boiler Sites	No		Merton	Real	
527739	170486	Singleton Close,		SW179JA	Local government	No	Multi-address buildings		Oil	1008	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	215.603087	-	2008			Boiler Sites	No		Merton	Real	
527739	170486	Singleton Close,		SW179JA	Local government	No	Multi-address buildings		Oil	705.6	-	-	-	0.21	-	-	150.92216	-	2008			Boiler Sites	No		Merton	Real	
527739	170486	Flanders		SW179JA	Local	No	Multi-		Oil	537.6	-	-	-	0.16	-	-	114.9	-	2008			Boiler	No		Merton	Real	

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
					Sites					88313										address buildings		government			Cres,		
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Sites			2008	-	43.12 0617	-	-	0.06	-	-	-	201.6	Oil		Multi-address buildings	No	Local government	SM46SE		Yenston Close, Morden,	167315	525545
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Sites			2008	-	43.12 0617	-	-	0.06	-	-	-	201.6	Oil		Multi-address buildings	No	Local government	SW193NQ		Dorset Hall, Kingston Road, Wimbledo n,	169836	525022
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Sites			2008	-	43.12 0617	-	-	0.06	-	-	-	201.6	Oil		Multi-address buildings	No	Local government	SW193PA		Wykeham House,	169796	525060
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Sites			2008	-	43.12 0617	-	-	0.06	-	-	-	201.6	Oil		Multi-address buildings	No	Local government	SW193PA		Wykeham House,	169796	525060
	None	Merton		No	Boiler Sites			2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Oil		Multi-address buildings	No	Local government	SM45SP		Central Road, Morden,	167525	525521
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Sites			2008	-	215.6 03087	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	1008	Oil		Multi-address buildings	No	Local government	SW191DP		All Saints Boiler Houses: Tintern Close/Wo burn Close, ,	170529	526198
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Sites			2008	-	215.6 03087	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	1008	Oil		Multi-address buildings	No	Local government	SW191DP		All Saints Boiler Houses: Tintern Close/Wo burn Close, ,	170506	526214
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Sites			2008	-	143.7 35391	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	672	Oil		Multi-address buildings	No	Local government	SW200QH		Durham Road, Raynes Park,	169352	522967

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Sites			2008	-	34.49 6493	-	-	0.048	-	-	-	161.28	Oil		Multi-address buildings	No	Local government	SW200QH		Durham Road, Raynes Park,	169352	522967
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Museums & Art Galleries	No	Private	SW19 3PZ	154 Merton Hall Road, London	A Gallery Ltd	169515	524622
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Museums & Art Galleries	No	Private	SW19 4TT	King's College School Southside Common, London, Greater London	Collyer Hall Theatre	170678	523447
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Museums & Art Galleries	No	Private	CR4 4HD	The Canons Madeira Road, Mitcham	The Cannons	168345	527865
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Museums & Art Galleries	No	Private	CR4 3UD	Vestry Hall London Road, Mitcham	Wandle Industrial Museum	168602	527522
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Museums & Art Galleries	No	Private	SW19 5AE		Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Museum (Visit Britain Assessed)	172311	524151
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Museums & Art Galleries	No	Private	SW19 4QN	22 Ridgway, London	Wimbledon Museum Of Local History	170885	524083
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Museums & Art Galleries	No	Private	SW19 5NQ		Wimbledon Windmill Museum	172445	523012
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			NHS	No	Other public	SW200NE	COPSE HILL, LONDON	ST. GEORGE S HOSPITAL	170224	522663
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			NHS	No	Other public	SW195NX	PARKSIDE,	PARKSID	172248	523575

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
																								LONDON	E HOSPITAL		
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			NHS	No	Other public	SW208DB	KINGSTON ROAD, LONDON	NELSON HOSPITAL	169481	524645
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			NHS	No	Other public	CR4 4TP	CRANMER ROAD, MITCHAM	WILSON HOSPITAL	168069	527875
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Site			1997	-	47.13495	-	-	0.048013	-	-	-	161	Oil		NHS	No	Other public	SW208DB	NELSON HOSPITAL	NELSON HOSPITAL	169482	524652
	Real	Merton		No	Boiler Site			1997	-	603.32736	-	-	0.614575	-	-	-	2065	Oil		NHS	No	Other public	SW200NE	Copse Hill	ATKINSON MORLEY'S HOSPITAL	170200	522643
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	288			Police stations	No	Other public	SW198NN	QUEENS ROAD, LONDON	WIMBLEDON POLICE STATION 15-23, METROPOLITAN POLICE	170636	524988
	None	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Police stations	No	Other public	SM4 5DA	CROWN LANE, MORDEN	METROPOLITAN POLICE	168492	525545
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	11231	-	3323.626			Education facilities	No	Public	SW19 4NS	Edge Hill, Wimbledon	Wimbledon College	170414	523764
Data includes also CHP fuel consumption.	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	3112	-	2016.211			Sport & Leisure facilities	No	Local Government	SM4 5HE	London Road, Morden	Morden Park Pool	167499	524917
	Real	Merton		No	Council			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	5526.43	-	1696.946			Sport &	No	Local	SW19 1EW	Latimer Road,	Wimbledo	170555	525746

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
					Data															Leisure facilities		Government		Wimbledon	n Leisure Centre		
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	2651.93	-	588.704			Education facilities	No	Local Government	SW20 9NS	Whatley Centre, Whatley Avenue	Merton Adult Education Centre	169012.71	524168.75
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	994.25	-	471.394			Local government estate	No	Local Government	SM4 4AX	15-33 Amenity Way, Morden	Transport Offices and Workshop	166526	523470
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	1543.48	-	444.795			Education facilities	No	Public	CR4 3AF	Lower Green West, Mitcham, Surrey	Cricket Green Special School	168571.18	527368.21
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	3698.75	-	381.99			Education facilities	No	Public	SW19 8LX	Queens Road, Wimbledon	Priory Primary School	171087.3	525700
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	2300.15	-	342.783			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SM4 6PX	Canterbury Road, Morden	Chaucer Centre	167081.02	525942.51
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	1312.4	-	282.368			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 4BW	114 Riverside Drive, Mitcham	Jan Malinowski Centre	167945	527591
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	668.76	-	252.743			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SW19 1BX	44 All Saints Road, London	All Saints Day Centre	170472	526238
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	1614.1	-	217.818			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SW19 7NB	35 Wimbledon Hill Road, Wimbledon	Wimbledon Library	170780.09	524686.62
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	552.98	-	210.868			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SW19 1LA	78 Kingston Road, London SW19 1LA	Merton Hall	170001	525498
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	1760.15	-	209.657			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 3UD	Cricket Green, 336-338 London Road, Mitcham	Vestry Hall	168602	527522
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	1090	-	202.164			Education facilities	No	Local Government	SW20 9NS	Whatley Avenue, London	Joseph Hood Primary School	168952	524278

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	549	-	109.8			Education facilities	No	Local Government	SW20 9AD	Watery Lane, Merton	Rutlish High School Pavillion	169147	524871
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	868.48	-	186.661			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 3LB	London Road, Mitcham, Surrey	Lavender Children's Centre	169650	527494
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	950.27	-	178.985			Local government estate	No	Local Government	SM4 6HY	67C Connaught Gardens, Morden	Gifford House	167996	526318
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	510	-	160.186			Multi-address buildings	No	Local Government	SM4 5LT	160A Bordesley Road, Morden	Brightwell Respite Care Centre	168150	525701
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	1469.46	-	158.345			Education facilities	No	Public	SW19 1AR	East Road, London	All Saints C of E Primary School	170412	526440
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	2411	-	149.683			Education facilities	No	Public	SW19 8PW	Effa Road, London	Holy Trinity C of E Primary School	170820	525562
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	1258.58	-	146.73			Education facilities	No	Local Government	SM4 6PT	Canterbury Building, Canterbury Road, Morden	Smart Centre	167081	525933
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	288	-	139.967			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 3JR	Taylor Road, Mitcham	Taylor Road Ethnic Elder Centre	170212	527456
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	452.7	-	138.402			Education facilities	No	Local Government	KT3 6NE	Marina Avenue, Motspur Park	St Josphe Hood Memorial Playing Field		
	Real	Merton		No	Council			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	707.63	-	131.072			Local	No	Local	SM4 5QU	Morden Park,	Morden	167556	524845

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
					Data															government estate		Government		London Road, Morden	Park House		
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	398.13	-	122.586			Sport & Leisure facilities	No	Local Government	SW19 3QH	Dundonald Road, Wimbledon	Dundonald Recreation Ground	170030	524662
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	304.55	-	118.429			Sport & Leisure facilities	No	Local Government	SW20 0PY	Melbury Gardens, Raynes Park	Cottenham Park Rec Ground	169770	522714
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	1326.31	-	116.518			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 2YR	157 London Road, Mitcham	Mitcham Library	169335	527898
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	731.54	-	112.511			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SW19 2JY	63 High Path, South Wimbledon, London	High Path Community Day Centre	169833	526048
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	571.58	-	111.403			Sport & Leisure facilities	No	Public	SW20 9BX	Martin Way, Morden	Joseph Hood Rec Ground	168666	524101
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	1365.97	-	109.565			Education facilities	No	Public	SW20 0SX	Cottenham Park Road	St Matthews Primary School	169895	522222
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	621.3	-	107.977			Local government estate	No	Local Government	SW19 1QN	54 Russell Road, Wimbledon	Russell Road Offices	170248	525239
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	541.28	-	106.932			Local government estate	No	Local Government	SW19 1HL	72-74 Haydons Road, South Wimbledon	South Wimbledon Youth Offices	170336	526157
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	522.36	-	100.226			Sport & Leisure facilities	No	Public	SM4 4PN	Tudor Drive, Morden	King George's Playing Fields	166908	524285
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89.729			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 4BW	112 Riverside Drive, Mitcham	112 Riverside Drive	167858	527468
	Real	Merton		No	Council			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	409.17	-	89.715			Other public	No	Local	SW19 2HR	115 High Street,	Colliers	170436	526831

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
					Data															buildings		Government		Colliers Wood	Wood (Donald Hope) Library		
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	290.35	-	84.676			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SM4 6DF	18 Arras Avenue, Morden	South Wimbledon Youth Centre	170359	526122
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	374.09	-	71.53			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 1LT	South Lodge Avenue, Mitcham	Pollards Hill Youth Centre	168422	530173
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	703.4	-	62.223			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 1LT	South Lodge Avenue, Mitcham	Pollards Hill Library	168431	530048
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60.092			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SM4 4AX	63-69 Amenity Way, Morden	Street Sweeping & Salt Store	166600	523334
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56.951			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SW20 9PB	14 Meadowsweet Close, Raynes Park	Meadowsweet House	167974	523193
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53.286			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SM4 6HJ	Newminster Road, Morden	Newminster Children's Centre	167006	526371
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SW19 2JY	Merton Abbey Primary School, High Path, Merton	Merton Abbey Children's Centre	169851	525967
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	389.45	-	38.904			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SM4 4HW	44 Eastway, Morden	Eastways Day Centre	168020	524061
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	359.82	-	38.119			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	KT3 6JF	10 Station Road, New Malden	West Barnes Library	167697	522600
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36.839			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SM4 4AX	Garth Road, Morden	Waste Managem	166570	523464

Notes	Real or estimated data?	Borough	Attach file	Confidentiality of data	Data Source	Completion date	Start date	Year of data collection	Year of Construction	CO2 emissions (tCO2/yr)	CHP installed thermal capacity (MWth)	CHP installed electrical capacity (MWe)	Installed thermal capacity: all assets exc. CHP (MWth)	Number of dwellings	Gross internal floor area (m2)	Fuel consumption: CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel consumption: all assets exc. CHP (MWth/yr)	Fuel source	Heating supply	Typology	New Development	Ownership	Postcode	Address	Name	OYS	OXS	
	Estimated	Merton		No				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			Sport & Leisure facilities	No		SW19 2HR	127-129, High Street Colliers Wood, London	Browns Fitness Club	170382	526808
																									ent - Garth Road			
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.311			Local government estate	No	Local Government	SM4 6RA	Farm Road, Morden	Youth Office	167624	525812	
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	122.95	-	34.269			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 3HJ	57 Bond Road, Mitcham	David Nicholas Creche	169335	527662	
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.276			Local government estate	No	Local Government	SM4 5AZ	London Road, Morden	Athena House (1st Floor)	168537	525645	
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	238.79	-	28.929			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SM4 6PX	Home Care Building, Canterbury Road, Morden	Merton Home Care	167075	525899	
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	104.85	-	23.033			Local government estate	No	Local Government	SW19 1ER	38 Wycliffe Road, Wimbledon	Parking Section Offices	170598	525877	
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.383			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	SW19 2NN	1 Mychelle House, Pincott Road, Wimbledon	Mychell House (No 1)	170022	526045	
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.631			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 3EN	106 Bond Road, Mitcham	Supported Living Team	169340	527504	
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	148.51	-	10.579			Other public buildings	No	Local Government	CR4 1SF	Acacia Road	Adventure Playgroun d Building	169091	528471	
	Real	Merton		No	Council Data			2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	796.81	-	10.575			Local government estate	No	Local Government	SM4 4AX	35-55 Amenity Way, Morden	Corporate Archive	166550	523507	

A2 London Heat Map Load Typologies

The London Heat Map categorises heat loads in accordance with the previous DEMaP database provided by the LDA.

The London Heat Map's categories are listed below:

- [Residential] Multi-Address buildings (>49 per building)
- Sport & Leisure Facilities
- Prisons
- Hotels (>99 units or 4,999m²)
- Educational Facilities
- Police Stations
- Fire Stations
- NHS
- Museums and art galleries
- Central government estate
- Local government estate
- Religious Buildings
- Private residential units (>149 units or 9,999m²)
- Private commercial units (>9,999m²)
- Social Housing Estate
- Other Public Buildings

Buildings with small loads have not been included in this categorisation. This is because their thermal demand is considered big enough to influence the potential of identifying a district heat network opportunity.