

Data Management and Analysis Group

Constituency Demographic Profiles

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GLA Population Projections

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Office for National Statistics Data, Census 2001, Vital Statistics, Mid-year Estimates

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Data Sources

An acknowledgment of the sources used in this Briefing is given on page 31 in the data sources section.

Constituency Demographic Profiles

Introduction

This report provides a summary of demographic and related data for each Greater London Assembly Constituency. The profiles are designed to provide an overview of the population in each area by combining a range of data on the population, the electorate, ethnic group populations, religion, education statistics and labour force statistics. All data, except where stated, relate to people who live in the area. The exceptions are pupil headcounts (ie those educated in the area) and number of persons employed in the area.

Each constituency is compared to equivalent statistics for Greater London.

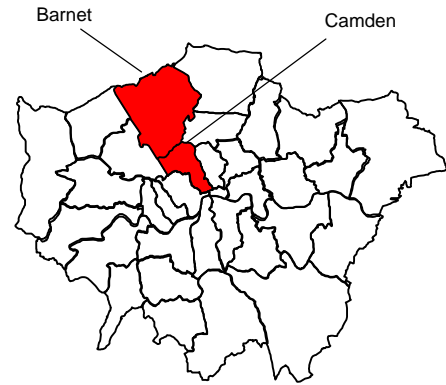
The section on data sources provides information about the source of each grouping of data. The Appendices expand further on definitions and terminology used in this report, as well as a more general overview of demographic terminology.

The GLA's Data Management and Analysis Group (DMAG) have produced these profiles, using mainly data for 2002. However, where applicable, the profiles have incorporated the 2001 Census data, for example ethnicity, where no mid-2002 data exists. A major exception is that the profiles incorporate the latest data on electorates, as at 1 December 2003.

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Demographic Profile : Barnet and Camden

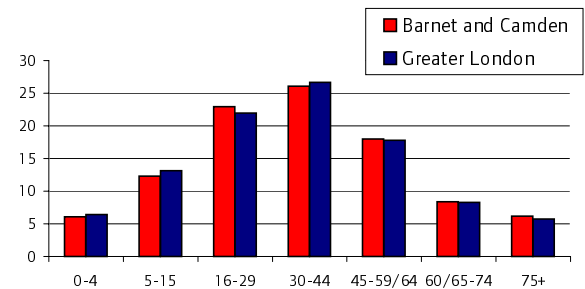


	Barnet and Camden	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	108.22	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	4,873	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	527,392	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	18.4	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.8	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	583,800	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	7,020	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	13.3	14.2
General Fertility Rate	47.6	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.45	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	4,204	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	37	594
Crude Death Rate	8.0	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	95.3	98.5
Natural Change	2,816	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	370,281	5,143,392
of which attainers*	3,124	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Barnet and Camden		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	5	538	86	7,731
Primary	132	37,375	1,862	632,867
Secondary	30	30,653	407	417,906
Special	10	645	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	5	101	58	2,632
Independent	62	13,855	456	125,121
Academies	0	0	7	6,801
All Schools	244	83,167	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Barnet and Camden	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-6,500	-3,000	-3,400

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

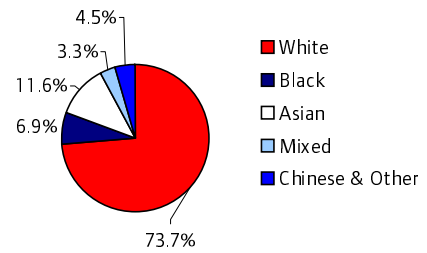
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Barnet and Camden	Greater London
Total Dwellings	216,400	3,022,700

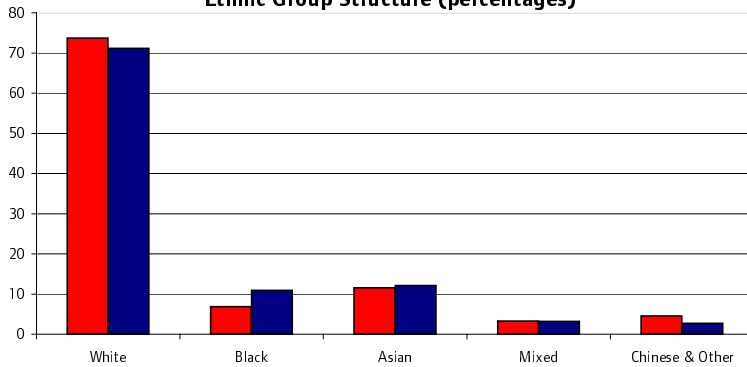
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Barnet and Camden	Greater London
White British	57.1	59.8
White Irish	3.8	3.1
White Other	12.8	8.3
Black Caribbean	1.5	4.8
Black African	5.0	5.3
Black Other	0.4	0.8
Indian	6.2	6.1
Pakistani	1.0	2.0
Bangladeshi	2.7	2.1
Other Asian	1.6	1.9
Mixed	3.3	3.2
Chinese	1.9	1.1
Other	2.6	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



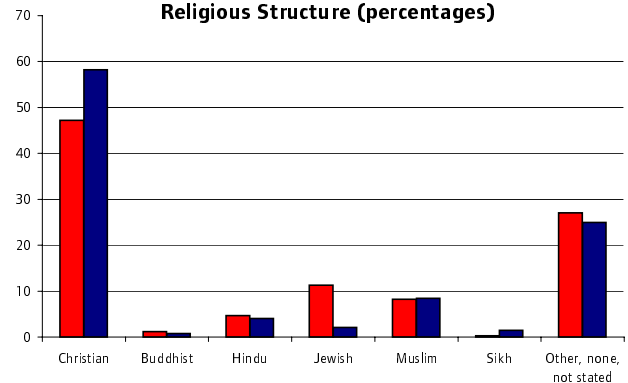
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Barnet and Camden	Greater London
Christian	47.2	58.2
Buddhist	1.2	0.8
Hindu	4.7	4.1
Jewish	11.3	2.1
Muslim	8.2	8.5
Sikh	0.3	1.5
All Other Religions	0.9	0.5
No Religion	16.4	15.8
Religion not stated	9.8	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

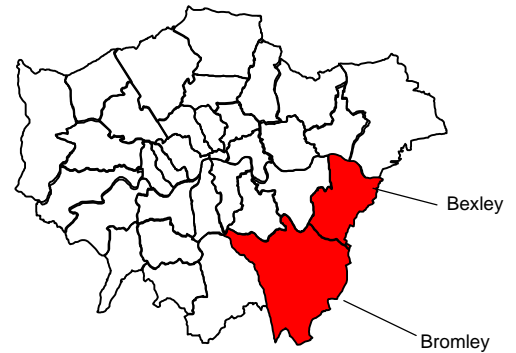
	Barnet and Camden*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	72.5	79.0	66.1	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	64.7	70.6	58.8	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	6.1	6.7	5.5	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	27.5	21.0	33.9	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	80.8	75.5	87.0	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	19.2	24.5	13.0	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	82.4	90.6	72.8	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	17.6	9.4	27.2	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	4.6	3.9	5.6	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	334,577	177,710	156,867	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	10,657	7,609	3,049	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : Bexley and Bromley

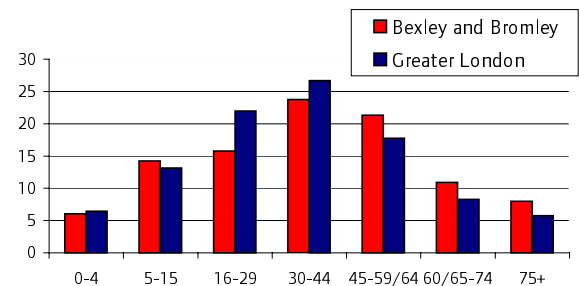


	Bexley and Bromley	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	210.16	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	2,453	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	515,592	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	20.3	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	2.1	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	545,100	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	5,921	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	11.5	14.2
General Fertility Rate	48.2	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.63	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	4,871	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	23	594
Crude Death Rate	9.4	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	91.2	98.5
Natural Change	1,050	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	399,464	5,143,392
of which attainers*	4,286	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Bexley and Bromley		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	0	0	86	7,731
Primary	141	46,142	1,862	632,867
Secondary	32	39,531	407	417,906
Special	11	888	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	4	171	58	2,632
Independent	18	6,090	456	125,121
Academies	1	711	7	6,801
All Schools	207	93,533	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Bexley and Bromley	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-900	-500	-400

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

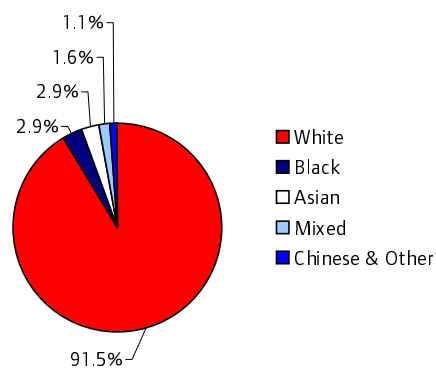
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Bexley and Bromley	Greater London
Total Dwellings	217,800	3,022,700

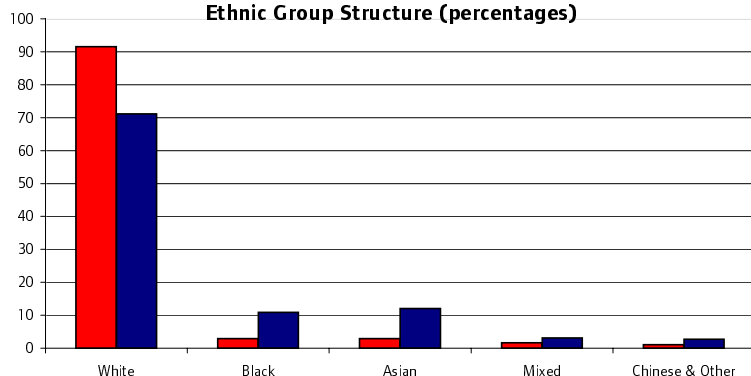
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Bexley and Bromley	Greater London
White British	87.1	59.8
White Irish	1.5	3.1
White Other	2.9	8.3
Black Caribbean	1.2	4.8
Black African	1.5	5.3
Black Other	0.2	0.8
Indian	1.9	6.1
Pakistani	0.2	2.0
Bangladeshi	0.2	2.1
Other Asian	0.5	1.9
Mixed	1.6	3.2
Chinese	0.7	1.1
Other	0.4	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



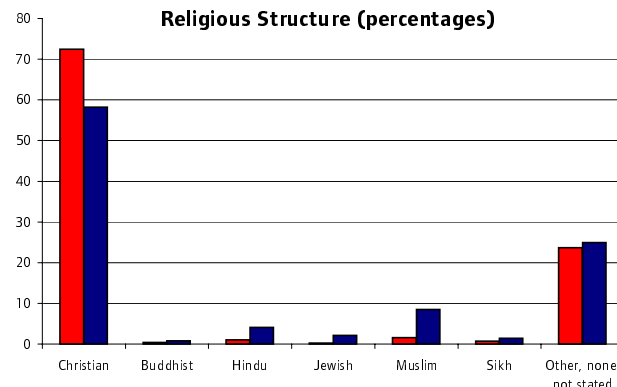
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Bexley and Bromley	Greater London
Christian	72.4	58.2
Buddhist	0.4	0.8
Hindu	1.0	4.1
Jewish	0.3	2.1
Muslim	1.6	8.5
Sikh	0.7	1.5
All Other Religions	0.3	0.5
No Religion	15.7	15.8
Religion not stated	7.8	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

	Bexley and Bromley*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	79.7	85.9	73.2	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	73.8	79.7	67.6	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	4.0	4.4	3.6	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	20.3	14.1	26.8	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	85.7	79.7	93.0	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	14.3	20.3	7.0	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	80.6	93.8	64.4	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	19.4	6.2	35.6	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	3.4	2.9	4.0	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	170,044	88,877	81,167	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	5,968	4,219	1,749	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : Brent and Harrow

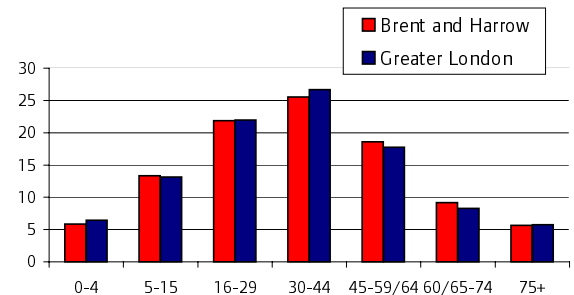


	Brent and Harrow	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	93.42	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	5,182	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	484,066	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	19.2	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.6	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	521,600	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	6,567	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	13.6	14.2
General Fertility Rate	50.6	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.65	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	3,401	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	56	594
Crude Death Rate	7.0	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	88.1	98.5
Natural Change	3,166	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	323,498	5,143,392
of which attainers*	3,039	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Brent and Harrow		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	5	283	86	7,731
Primary	116	42,402	1,862	632,867
Secondary	24	25,260	407	417,906
Special	9	679	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	3	60	58	2,632
Independent	27	6,947	456	125,121
Academies	0	0	7	6,801
All Schools	184	75,631	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Brent and Harrow	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-8,900	-4,100	-4,700

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

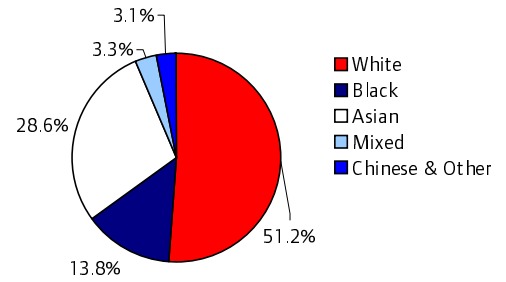
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Brent and Harrow	Greater London
Total Dwellings	178,500	3,022,700

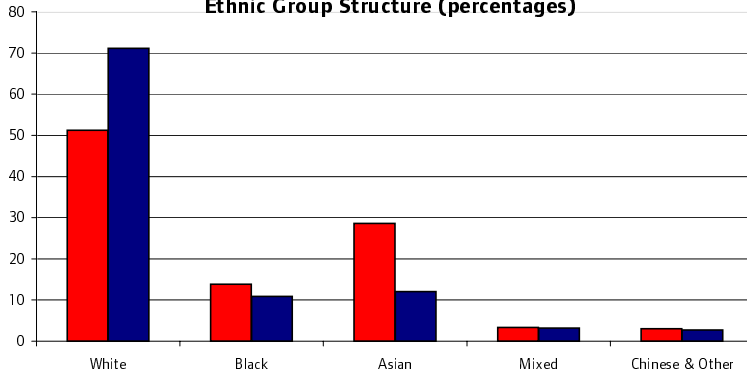
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Brent and Harrow	Greater London
White British	38.3	59.8
White Irish	5.8	3.1
White Other	7.1	8.3
Black Caribbean	7.2	4.8
Black African	5.6	5.3
Black Other	1.1	0.8
Indian	20.0	6.1
Pakistani	3.2	2.0
Bangladeshi	0.5	2.1
Other Asian	5.0	1.9
Mixed	3.3	3.2
Chinese	1.1	1.1
Other	1.9	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



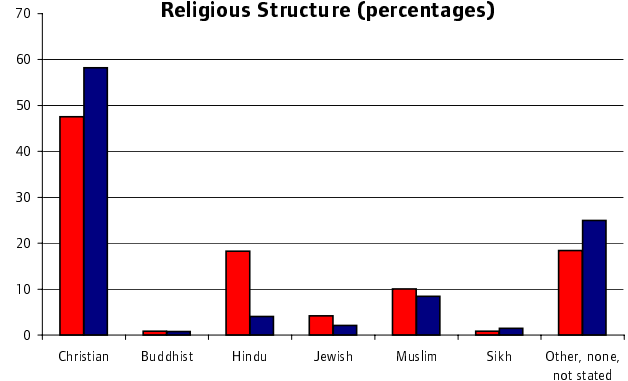
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Brent and Harrow	Greater London
Christian	47.5	58.2
Buddhist	0.8	0.8
Hindu	18.2	4.1
Jewish	4.2	2.1
Muslim	10.0	8.5
Sikh	0.8	1.5
All Other Religions	1.5	0.5
No Religion	9.6	15.8
Religion not stated	7.3	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

	Brent and Harrow*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	74.0	80.0	67.9	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	65.5	70.6	60.2	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	6.3	6.9	5.6	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	26.0	20.0	32.1	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	84.5	78.4	91.8	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	15.5	21.6	8.2	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	82.7	91.9	71.7	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	17.3	8.1	28.3	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	5.2	4.7	5.8	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	157,368	87,484	69,884	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	10,103	7,408	2,694	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : City and East London

(Barking and Dagenham, City of London, Newham, Tower Hamlets)

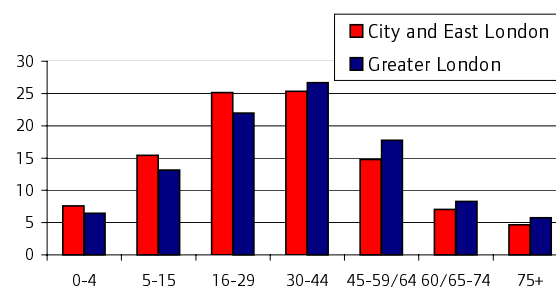


	City and East London	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	94.71	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	6,715	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	635,975	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	23.0	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.1	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	747,000	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	11,136	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	17.5	14.2
General Fertility Rate	63.6	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.94	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	4,694	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	72	594
Crude Death Rate	7.4	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	110.8	98.5
Natural Change	6,442	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	433,747	5,143,392
of which attainers*	3,924	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	City and East London		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	14	1,517	86	7,731
Primary	186	72,442	1,862	632,867
Secondary	40	44,103	407	417,906
Special	10	643	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	3	331	58	2,632
Independent	14	2,804	456	125,121
Academies	0	0	7	6,801
All Schools	267	121,840	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

City and East London	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-10,700	-5,200	-5,500

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

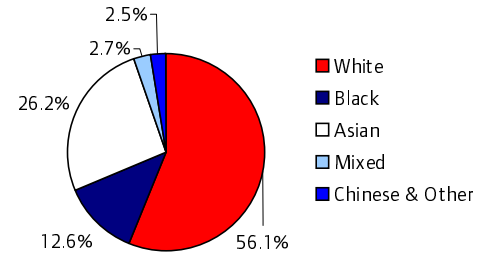
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	City and East London	Greater London
Total Dwellings	241,600	3,022,700

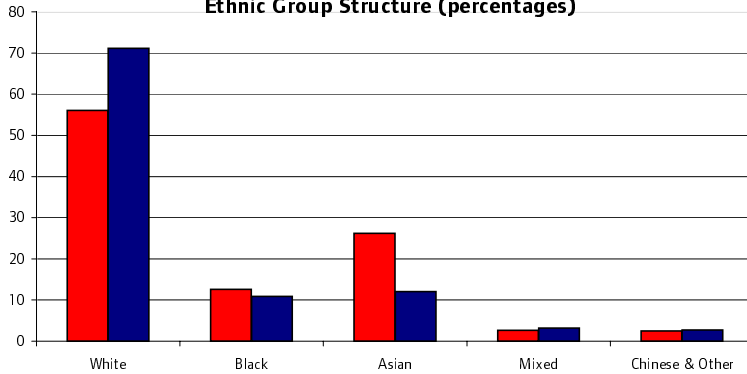
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	City and East London	Greater London
White British	49.7	59.8
White Irish	1.6	3.1
White Other	4.7	8.3
Black Caribbean	4.4	4.8
Black African	7.5	5.3
Black Other	0.7	0.8
Indian	6.0	6.1
Pakistani	4.1	2.0
Bangladeshi	14.4	2.1
Other Asian	1.7	1.9
Mixed	2.7	3.2
Chinese	1.1	1.1
Other	1.4	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



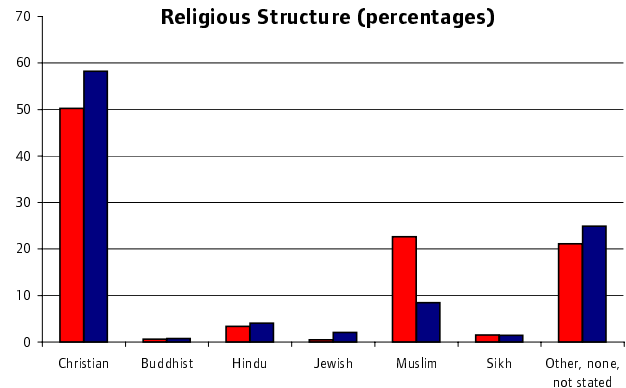
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	City and East London	Greater London
Christian	50.3	58.2
Buddhist	0.6	0.8
Hindu	3.3	4.1
Jewish	0.5	2.1
Muslim	22.6	8.5
Sikh	1.5	1.5
All Other Religions	0.3	0.5
No Religion	12.5	15.8
Religion not stated	8.3	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

	City and East London*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	66.1	75.2	56.7	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	55.5	62.6	48.2	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	10.2	11.6	8.3	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	33.9	24.8	43.3	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	88.9	84.5	94.8	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	11.1	15.5	5.2	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	82.6	89.2	73.7	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	17.4	10.8	26.3	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	5.8	5.1	6.8	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	588,860	353,741	235,119	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	18,630	14,170	4,460	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : Croydon and Sutton

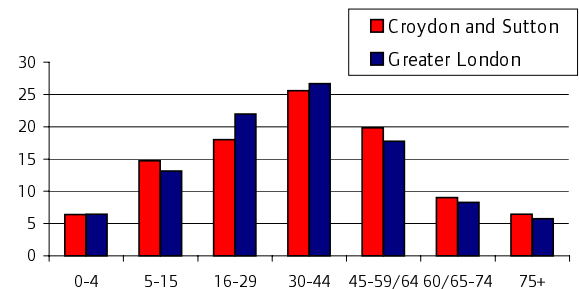


	Croydon and Sutton	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	129.94	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	3,983	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	517,523	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	21.1	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.8	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	561,600	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	6,376	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	12.3	14.2
General Fertility Rate	47.6	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.63	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	4,429	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	42	594
Crude Death Rate	8.6	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	97.1	98.5
Natural Change	1,947	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	374,088	5,143,392
of which attainers*	4,049	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Croydon and Sutton		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	8	624	86	7,731
Primary	136	46,119	1,862	632,867
Secondary	35	33,795	407	417,906
Special	11	922	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	5	300	58	2,632
Independent	31	9,261	456	125,121
Academies	2	1,864	7	6,801
All Schools	228	92,885	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Croydon and Sutton	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-3,900	-2,100	-1,900

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

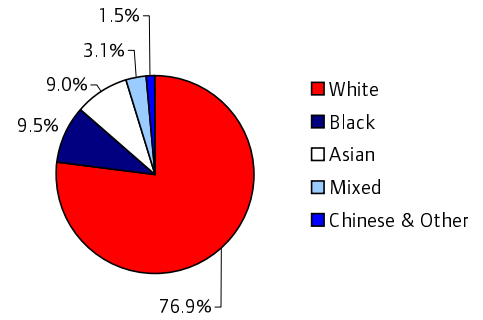
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Croydon and Sutton	Greater London
Total Dwellings	209,400	3,022,700

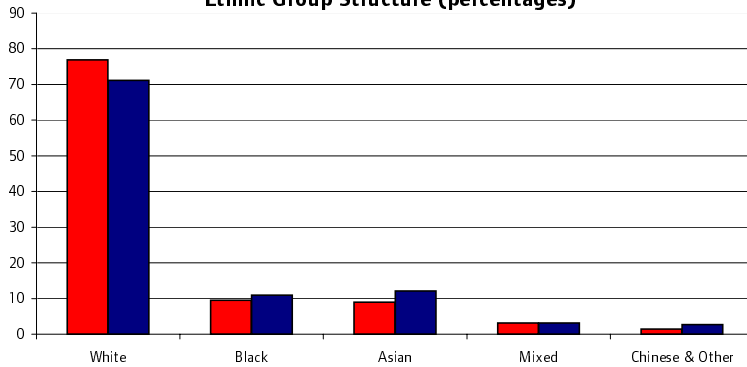
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Croydon and Sutton	Greater London
White British	70.8	59.8
White Irish	2.1	3.1
White Other	4.0	8.3
Black Caribbean	5.5	4.8
Black African	3.3	5.3
Black Other	0.7	0.8
Indian	5.0	6.1
Pakistani	1.7	2.0
Bangladeshi	0.5	2.1
Other Asian	1.9	1.9
Mixed	3.1	3.2
Chinese	0.7	1.1
Other	0.8	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



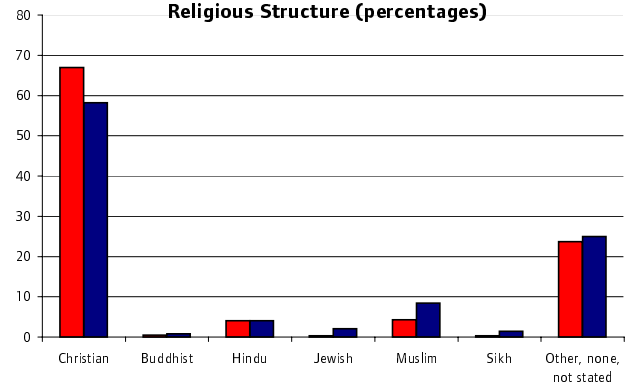
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Croydon and Sutton	Greater London
Christian	67.0	58.2
Buddhist	0.5	0.8
Hindu	4.0	4.1
Jewish	0.3	2.1
Muslim	4.3	8.5
Sikh	0.3	1.5
All Other Religions	0.5	0.5
No Religion	15.4	15.8
Religion not stated	7.8	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

	Croydon and Sutton*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	79.1	85.1	73.1	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	72.4	77.9	66.8	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	4.9	5.4	4.2	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	20.9	14.9	26.9	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	86.5	80.6	93.3	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	13.5	19.4	6.7	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	82.0	93.6	68.4	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	18.0	6.4	31.6	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	3.7	3.1	4.4	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	194,949	101,778	93,171	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	7,824	5,693	2,131	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : Ealing and Hillingdon

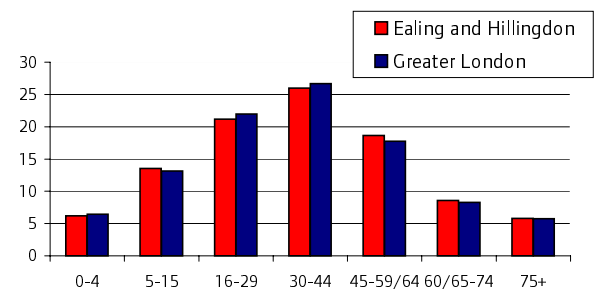


	Ealing and Hillingdon	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	170.72	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	3,251	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	554,965	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	19.8	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.5	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	594,700	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	7,564	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	13.6	14.2
General Fertility Rate	50.9	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.65	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	4,273	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	47	594
Crude Death Rate	7.7	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	95.3	98.5
Natural Change	3,291	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	395,931	5,143,392
of which attainers*	4,082	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Ealing and Hillingdon		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	6	524	86	7,731
Primary	131	50,844	1,862	632,867
Secondary	30	33,009	407	417,906
Special	14	1,130	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	2	137	58	2,632
Independent	29	9,205	456	125,121
Academies	0	0	7	6,801
All Schools	212	94,849	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Ealing and Hillingdon	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-7,900	-3,500	-4,300

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

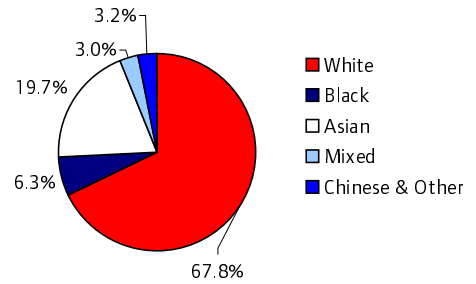
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Ealing and Hillingdon	Greater London
Total Dwellings	212,700	3,022,700

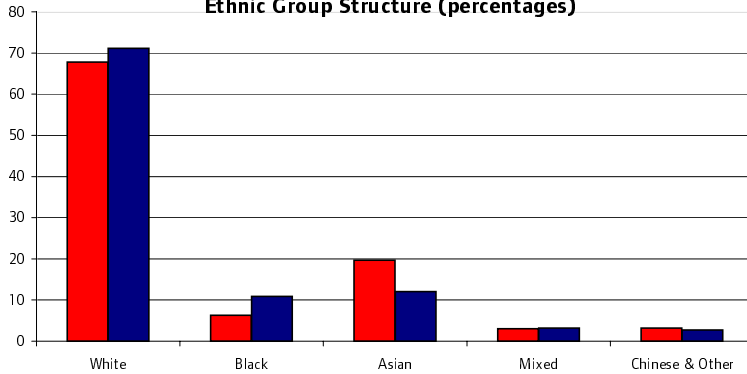
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Ealing and Hillingdon	Greater London
White British	57.2	59.8
White Irish	3.9	3.1
White Other	6.7	8.3
Black Caribbean	3.1	4.8
Black African	2.8	5.3
Black Other	0.4	0.8
Indian	13.4	6.1
Pakistani	2.8	2.0
Bangladeshi	0.5	2.1
Other Asian	3.0	1.9
Mixed	3.0	3.2
Chinese	1.0	1.1
Other	2.2	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



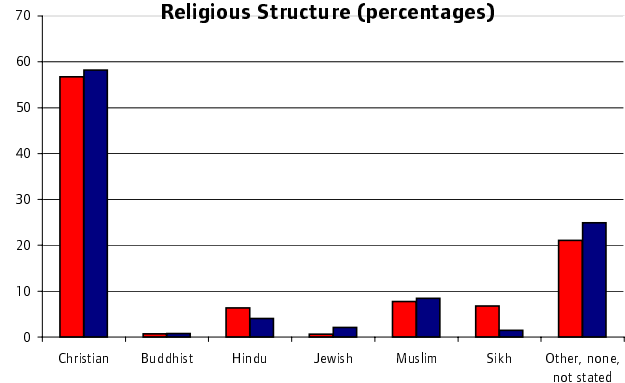
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Ealing and Hillingdon	Greater London
Christian	56.7	58.2
Buddhist	0.7	0.8
Hindu	6.4	4.1
Jewish	0.6	2.1
Muslim	7.8	8.5
Sikh	6.7	1.5
All Other Religions	0.4	0.5
No Religion	13.4	15.8
Religion not stated	7.2	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

	Ealing and Hillingdon*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	76.3	82.1	70.3	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	69.0	74.3	63.5	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	5.0	5.5	4.4	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	23.7	17.9	29.7	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	87.4	82.7	93.2	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	12.6	17.3	6.8	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	84.1	93.6	72.6	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	15.9	6.4	27.4	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	4.6	4.0	5.3	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	285,327	163,390	121,937	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	8,459	6,182	2,278	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : Enfield and Haringey

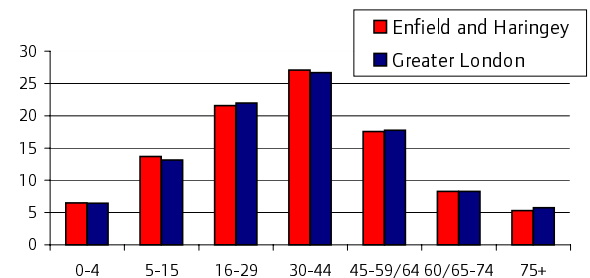


	Enfield and Haringey	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	111.37	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	4,551	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	506,899	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	20.2	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.5	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	557,900	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	7,593	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	15.0	14.2
General Fertility Rate	54.4	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.76	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	3,854	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	33	594
Crude Death Rate	7.6	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	100.3	98.5
Natural Change	3,739	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	343,309	5,143,392
of which attainers*	3,024	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Enfield and Haringey		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	3	246	86	7,731
Primary	131	49,052	1,862	632,867
Secondary	27	32,008	407	417,906
Special	11	835	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	4	212	58	2,632
Independent	17	3,775	456	125,121
Academies	1	845	7	6,801
All Schools	194	86,973	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Enfield and Haringey	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-8,200	-3,500	-4,700

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

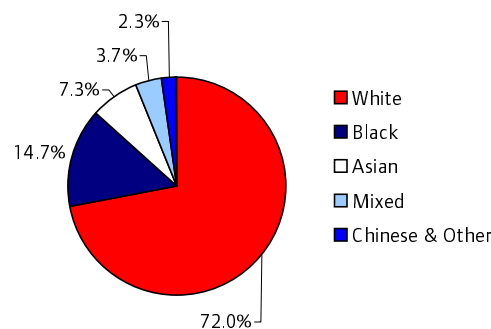
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Enfield and Haringey	Greater London
Total Dwellings	203,900	3,022,700

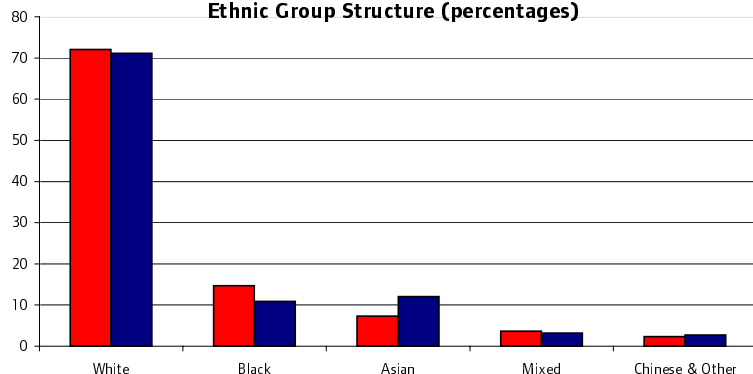
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Enfield and Haringey	Greater London
White British	54.2	59.8
White Irish	3.6	3.1
White Other	14.3	8.3
Black Caribbean	7.2	4.8
Black African	6.5	5.3
Black Other	1.0	0.8
Indian	3.5	6.1
Pakistani	0.8	2.0
Bangladeshi	1.3	2.1
Other Asian	1.7	1.9
Mixed	3.7	3.2
Chinese	0.9	1.1
Other	1.4	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



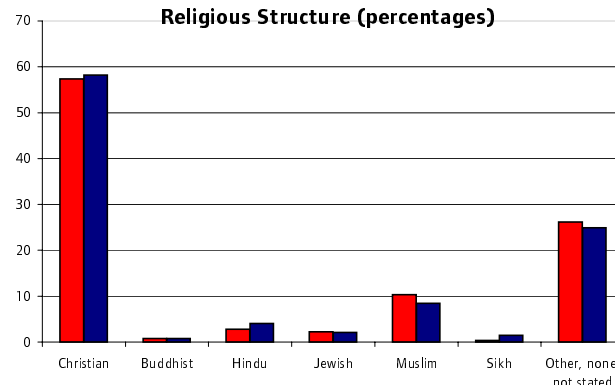
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Enfield and Haringey	Greater London
Christian	57.4	58.2
Buddhist	0.7	0.8
Hindu	2.8	4.1
Jewish	2.3	2.1
Muslim	10.3	8.5
Sikh	0.3	1.5
All Other Religions	0.6	0.5
No Religion	15.7	15.8
Religion not stated	9.9	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

	Enfield and Haringey*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	72.4	78.9	66.1	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	63.3	68.6	58.1	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	7.6	8.7	6.2	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	27.6	21.1	33.9	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	84.7	79.1	91.2	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	15.3	20.9	8.8	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	82.0	90.5	72.1	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	18.0	9.5	27.9	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	5.0	4.3	5.9	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	152,800	83,203	69,597	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	12,906	9,384	3,523	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : Greenwich and Lewisham

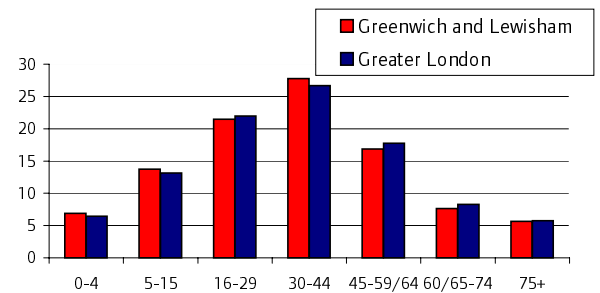


	Greenwich and Lewisham	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	82.21	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	5,781	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	475,247	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	20.6	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.5	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	531,000	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	7,055	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	14.8	14.2
General Fertility Rate	52.9	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.71	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	3,928	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	45	594
Crude Death Rate	8.3	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	107.6	98.5
Natural Change	3,127	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	326,672	5,143,392
of which attainers*	3,065	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Greenwich and Lewisham		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	8	849	86	7,731
Primary	134	43,281	1,862	632,867
Secondary	26	25,164	407	417,906
Special	12	1,007	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	4	249	58	2,632
Independent	13	4,546	456	125,121
Academies	1	1,316	7	6,801
All Schools	198	76,412	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Greenwich and Lewisham	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-5,900	-2,800	-3,200

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

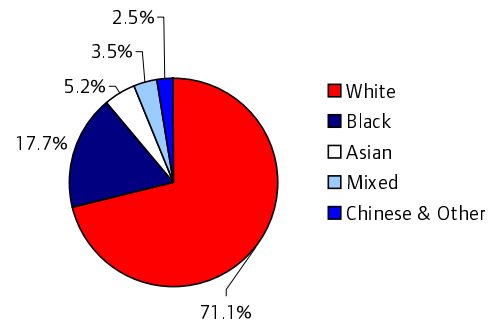
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Greenwich and Lewisham	Greater London
Total Dwellings	197,800	3,022,700

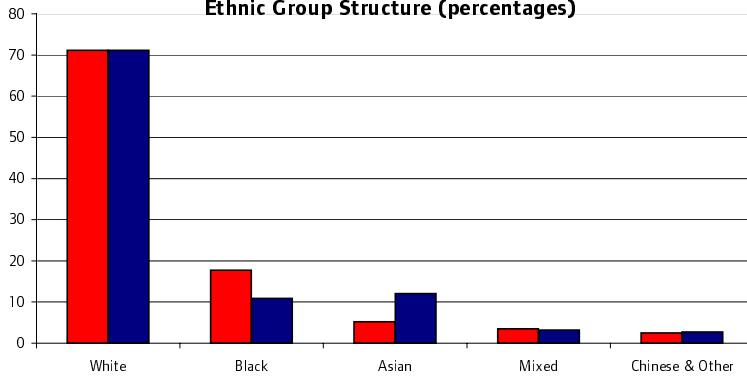
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Greenwich and Lewisham	Greater London
White British	63.3	59.8
White Irish	2.6	3.1
White Other	5.3	8.3
Black Caribbean	8.1	4.8
Black African	8.2	5.3
Black Other	1.5	0.8
Indian	2.8	6.1
Pakistani	0.6	2.0
Bangladeshi	0.5	2.1
Other Asian	1.2	1.9
Mixed	3.5	3.2
Chinese	1.3	1.1
Other	1.2	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



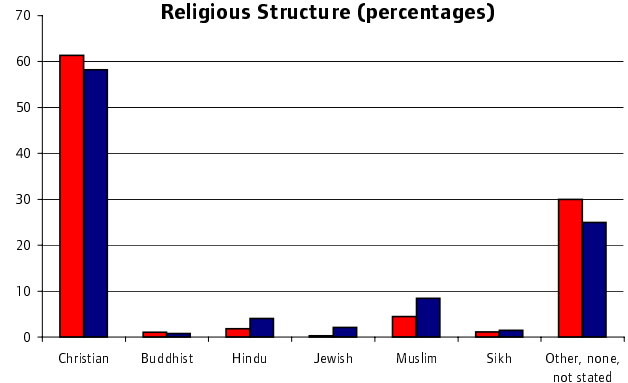
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Greenwich and Lewisham	Greater London
Christian	61.4	58.2
Buddhist	1.0	0.8
Hindu	1.8	4.1
Jewish	0.3	2.1
Muslim	4.5	8.5
Sikh	1.1	1.5
All Other Religions	0.4	0.5
No Religion	19.9	15.8
Religion not stated	9.7	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

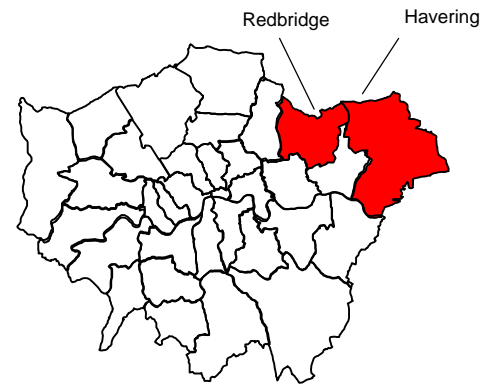
	Greenwich and Lewisham*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	74.1	79.9	68.3	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	64.2	68.9	59.4	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	8.3	9.4	7.0	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	25.9	20.1	31.7	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	87.4	82.4	93.2	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	12.6	17.6	6.8	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	83.0	91.6	73.0	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	17.0	8.4	27.0	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	5.1	4.4	6.0	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	129,359	68,740	60,619	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	14,106	10,207	3,900	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : Havering and Redbridge

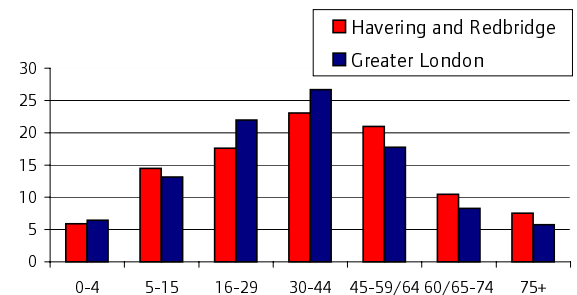


	Havering and Redbridge	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	168.24	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	2,783	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	468,227	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	20.4	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.8	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	502,600	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	5,435	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	11.6	14.2
General Fertility Rate	48.0	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.67	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	4,539	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	33	594
Crude Death Rate	9.7	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	97.5	98.5
Natural Change	896	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	351,638	5,143,392
of which attainers*	3,755	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Havering and Redbridge		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	0	0	86	7,731
Primary	116	44,301	1,862	632,867
Secondary	35	36,042	407	417,906
Special	8	707	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	4	52	58	2,632
Independent	23	5,001	456	125,121
Academies	0	0	7	6,801
All Schools	186	86,103	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Havering and Redbridge	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-1,300	-600	-800

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

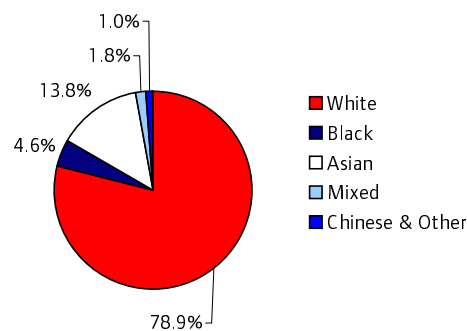
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Havering and Redbridge	Greater London
Total Dwellings	185,500	3,022,700

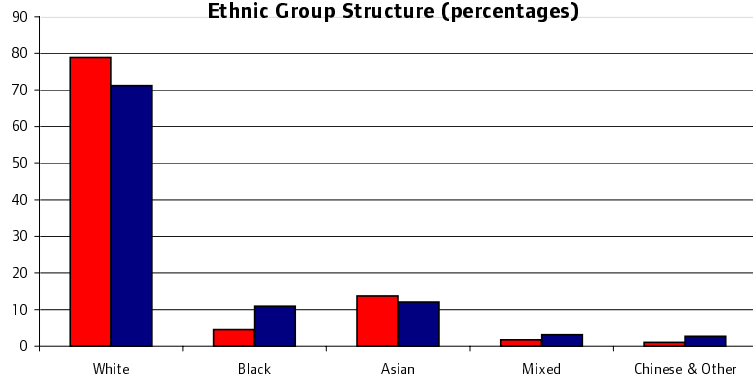
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Having and Redbridge	Greater London
White British	74.2	59.8
White Irish	1.9	3.1
White Other	2.7	8.3
Black Caribbean	2.3	4.8
Black African	2.0	5.3
Black Other	0.3	0.8
Indian	7.8	6.1
Pakistani	3.3	2.0
Bangladeshi	1.0	2.1
Other Asian	1.7	1.9
Mixed	1.8	3.2
Chinese	0.6	1.1
Other	0.4	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



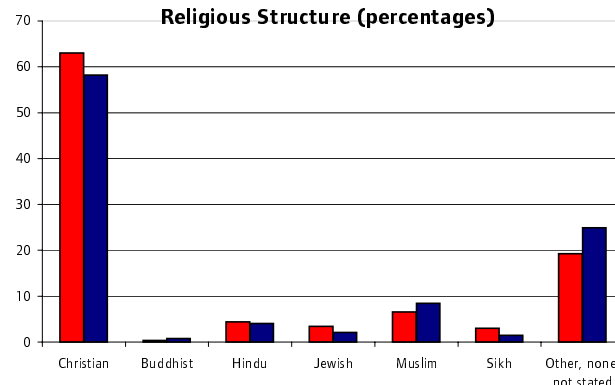
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Having and Redbridge	Greater London
Christian	63.0	58.2
Buddhist	0.3	0.8
Hindu	4.4	4.1
Jewish	3.4	2.1
Muslim	6.5	8.5
Sikh	3.0	1.5
All Other Religions	0.3	0.5
No Religion	11.3	15.8
Religion not stated	7.6	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

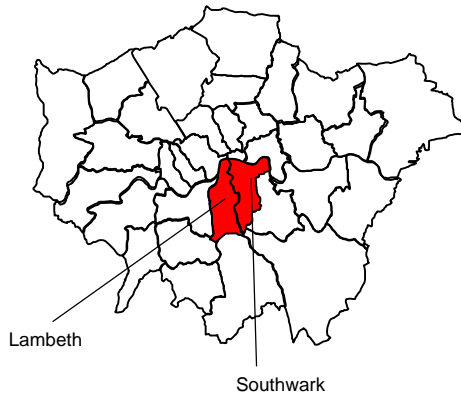
	Having and Redbridge*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	76.2	83.2	68.9	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	69.7	76.2	63.0	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	4.8	5.3	4.1	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	23.8	16.8	31.1	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	85.4	78.5	94.0	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	14.6	21.5	6.0	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	80.7	93.3	64.8	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	19.3	6.7	35.2	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	3.7	3.1	4.5	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	144,449	75,344	69,105	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	6,176	4,408	1,767	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : Lambeth and Southwark

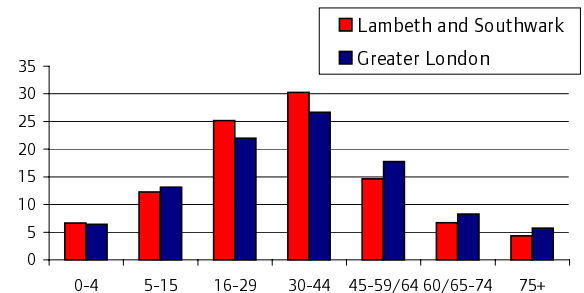


	Lambeth and Southwark	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	55.50	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	9,427	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	523,176	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	18.9	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.0	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	629,400	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	8,438	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	16.1	14.2
General Fertility Rate	54.5	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.70	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	3,505	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	63	594
Crude Death Rate	6.7	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	107.3	98.5
Natural Change	4,933	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	369,571	5,143,392
of which attainers*	1,910	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Lambeth and Southwark		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	10	1,069	86	7,731
Primary	133	43,806	1,862	632,867
Secondary	23	18,217	407	417,906
Special	15	1,007	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	7	302	58	2,632
Independent	24	7,665	456	125,121
Academies	1	1,047	7	6,801
All Schools	213	73,113	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Lambeth and Southwark	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-14,000	-6,300	-7,800

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

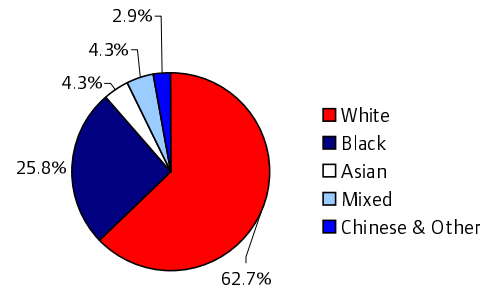
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Lambeth and Southwark	Greater London
Total Dwellings	225,000	3,022,700

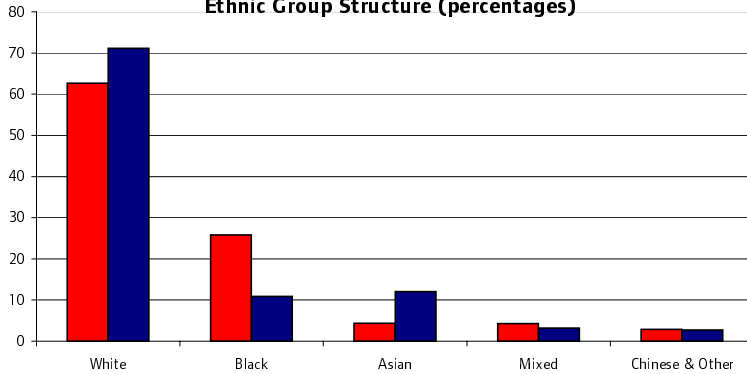
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Lambeth and Southwark	Greater London
White British	50.8	59.8
White Irish	3.2	3.1
White Other	8.7	8.3
Black Caribbean	10.1	4.8
Black African	13.7	5.3
Black Other	2.0	0.8
Indian	1.8	6.1
Pakistani	0.7	2.0
Bangladeshi	1.1	2.1
Other Asian	0.7	1.9
Mixed	4.3	3.2
Chinese	1.5	1.1
Other	1.3	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



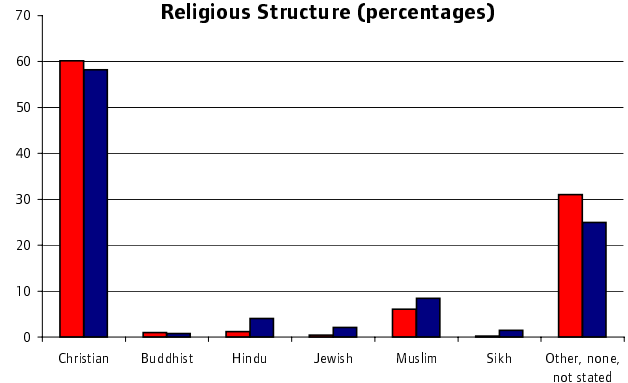
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Lambeth and Southwark	Greater London
Christian	60.1	58.2
Buddhist	1.0	0.8
Hindu	1.2	4.1
Jewish	0.4	2.1
Muslim	6.1	8.5
Sikh	0.2	1.5
All Other Religions	0.4	0.5
No Religion	20.2	15.8
Religion not stated	10.4	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

	Lambeth and Southwark*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	74.1	78.7	69.3	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	63.7	67.2	60.1	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	9.0	10.4	7.4	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	25.9	21.3	30.7	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	86.4	82.5	91.0	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	13.6	17.5	9.0	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	84.8	90.9	77.8	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	15.2	9.1	22.2	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	5.1	4.3	5.9	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	255,067	142,359	112,708	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	19,869	14,410	5,460	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : Merton and Wandsworth

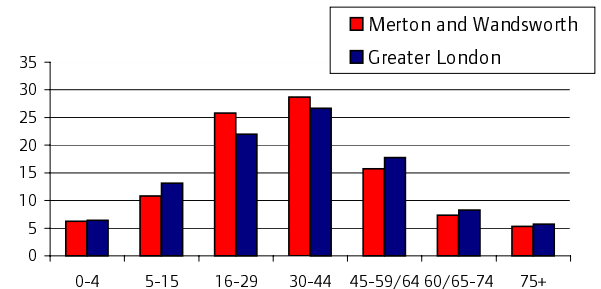
	Merton and Wandsworth	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	71.69	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	6,438	4,689



Population 2002

Resident Population	461,563	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	17.1	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.4	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	502,400	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	6,532	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	14.2	14.2
General Fertility Rate	47.1	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.42	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	3,402	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	17	594
Crude Death Rate	7.4	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	100.4	98.5
Natural Change	3,130	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	342,279	5,143,392
of which attainers*	2,728	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Merton and Wandsworth		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	3	209	86	7,731
Primary	100	31,934	1,862	632,867
Secondary	17	18,643	407	417,906
Special	13	965	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	3	177	58	2,632
Independent	40	11,976	456	125,121
Academies	1	1,018	7	6,801
All Schools	177	64,922	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

Merton and Wandsworth	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-6,500	-3,300	-3,200

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

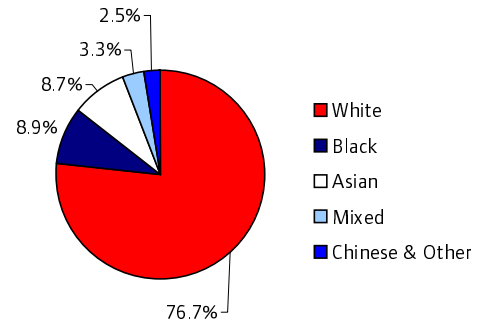
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	Merton and Wandsworth	Greater London
Total Dwellings	195,600	3,022,700

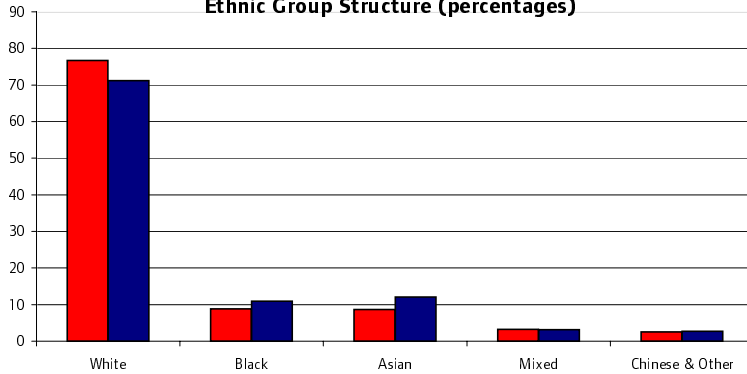
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	Merton and Wandsworth	Greater London
White British	64.5	59.8
White Irish	3.0	3.1
White Other	9.2	8.3
Black Caribbean	4.4	4.8
Black African	3.7	5.3
Black Other	0.8	0.8
Indian	3.4	6.1
Pakistani	2.2	2.0
Bangladeshi	0.6	2.1
Other Asian	2.4	1.9
Mixed	3.3	3.2
Chinese	1.1	1.1
Other	1.5	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



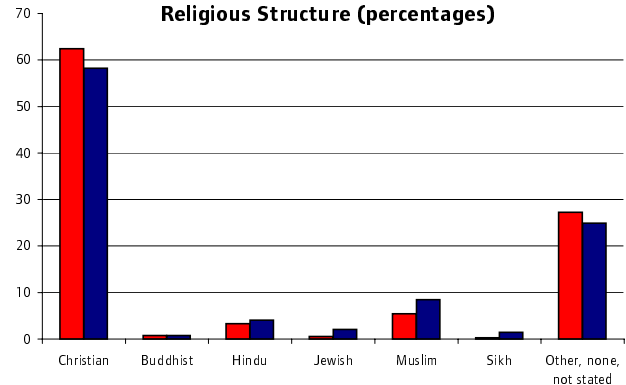
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	Merton and Wandsworth	Greater London
Christian	62.4	58.2
Buddhist	0.7	0.8
Hindu	3.3	4.1
Jewish	0.6	2.1
Muslim	5.4	8.5
Sikh	0.3	1.5
All Other Religions	0.3	0.5
No Religion	18.5	15.8
Religion not stated	8.4	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

	Merton and Wandsworth*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	78.9	84.1	73.8	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	72.0	76.7	67.4	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	5.0	5.7	4.3	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	21.1	15.9	26.2	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	86.4	82.4	91.0	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	13.6	17.6	9.0	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	86.5	93.2	78.9	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	13.5	6.8	21.1	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	3.7	3.1	4.4	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	163,717	88,549	75,168	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	8,164	5,852	2,311	160,040	116,162	43,878

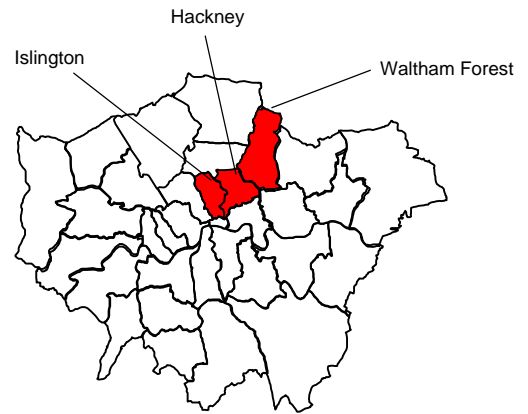
* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : North East

(Hackney, Islington, Waltham Forest)



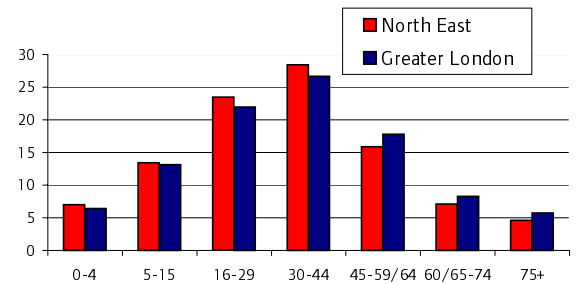
North East Greater London

Geographical area (km ²)	72.53	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	8,472	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	614,451	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	20.4	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.2	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	680,400	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	10,195	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	16.6	14.2
General Fertility Rate	56.6	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.75	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	4,343	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	68	594
Crude Death Rate	7.1	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	108.6	98.5
Natural Change	5,852	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	407,592	5,143,392
of which attainers*	2,947	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	North East		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	9	756	86	7,731
Primary	167	54,516	1,862	632,867
Secondary	35	29,376	407	417,906
Special	14	1,268	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	6	208	58	2,632
Independent	36	8,314	456	125,121
Academies	0	0	7	6,801
All Schools	267	94,438	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

North East	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-11,600	-6,100	-5,500

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

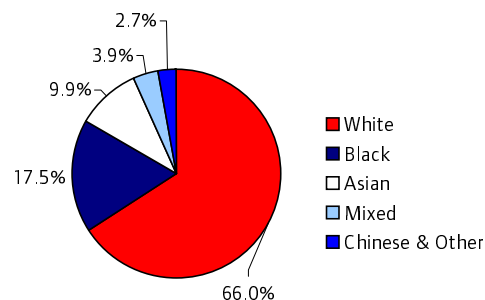
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	North East	Greater London
Total Dwellings	258,200	3,022,700

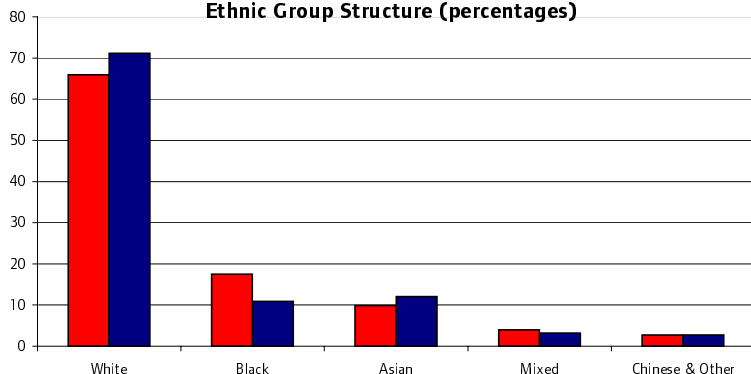
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	North East	Greater London
White British	52.1	59.8
White Irish	3.6	3.1
White Other	10.3	8.3
Black Caribbean	7.9	4.8
Black African	7.9	5.3
Black Other	1.7	0.8
Indian	3.0	6.1
Pakistani	3.4	2.0
Bangladeshi	2.1	2.1
Other Asian	1.4	1.9
Mixed	3.9	3.2
Chinese	1.2	1.1
Other	1.5	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



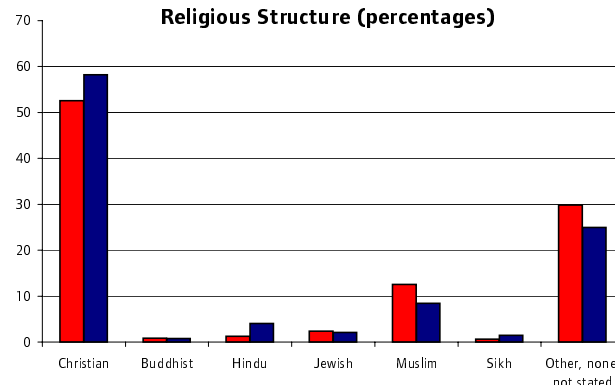
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	North East	Greater London
Christian	52.6	58.2
Buddhist	0.9	0.8
Hindu	1.2	4.1
Jewish	2.3	2.1
Muslim	12.6	8.5
Sikh	0.6	1.5
All Other Religions	0.5	0.5
No Religion	19.1	15.8
Religion not stated	10.3	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

	North East*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	70.5	76.5	64.6	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	60.5	65.0	56.0	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	9.1	10.5	7.5	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	29.5	23.5	35.4	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	85.3	80.5	90.6	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	14.7	19.5	9.4	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	82.5	88.9	75.2	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	17.5	11.1	24.8	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	5.1	4.4	5.8	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	273,277	155,603	117,674	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	19,962	14,474	5,489	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

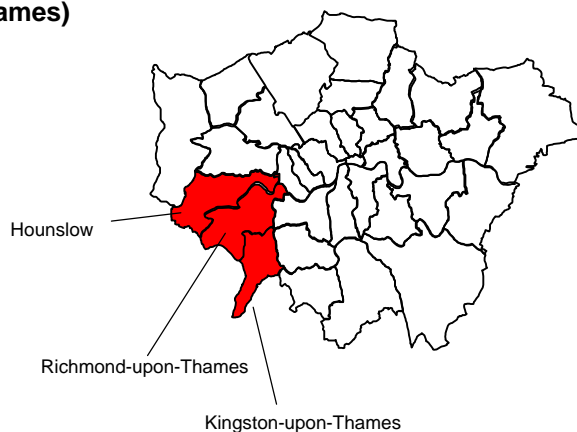
** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : South West

(Hounslow, Kingston-upon-Thames, Richmond-upon-Thames)

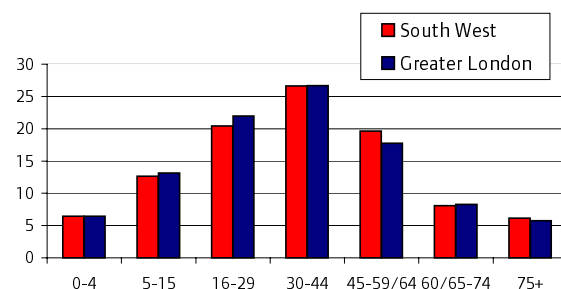
	South West	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	150.14	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	3,605	4,689



Population 2002

Resident Population	541,254	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	19.1	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.7	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	575,200	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	7,316	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	13.5	14.2
General Fertility Rate	50.8	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.63	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	4,432	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	20	594
Crude Death Rate	8.2	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	98.5	98.5
Natural Change	2,884	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	361,435	5,143,392
of which attainers*	3,801	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	South West		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	2	173	86	7,731
Primary	138	43,252	1,862	632,867
Secondary	32	32,969	407	417,906
Special	10	816	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	4	72	58	2,632
Independent	40	12,825	456	125,121
Academies	0	0	7	6,801
All Schools	226	90,107	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

South West	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-6,300	-2,400	-4,000

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

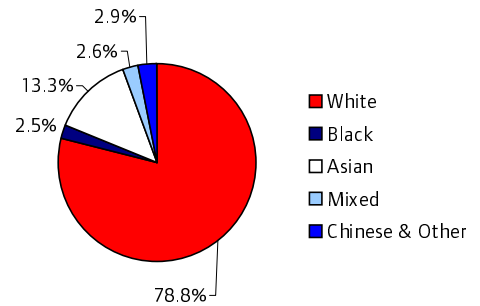
	South West	Greater London
Total Dwellings	219,700	3,022,700

Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

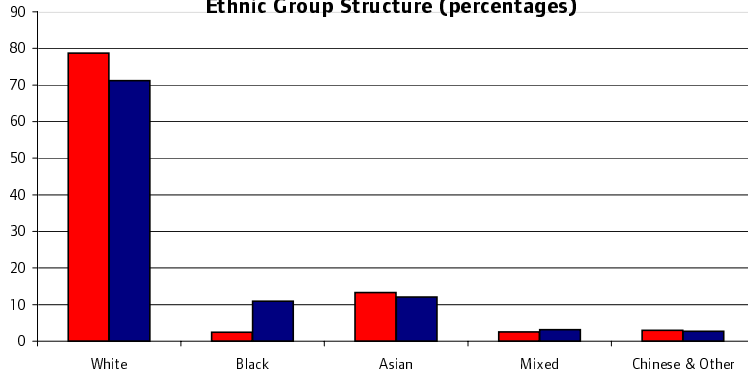
South West Greater London

	South West	Greater London
White British	68.8	59.8
White Irish	2.7	3.1
White Other	7.3	8.3
Black Caribbean	0.8	4.8
Black African	1.5	5.3
Black Other	0.2	0.8
Indian	8.7	6.1
Pakistani	2.2	2.0
Bangladeshi	0.4	2.1
Other Asian	2.0	1.9
Mixed	2.6	3.2
Chinese	1.0	1.1
Other	2.0	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)

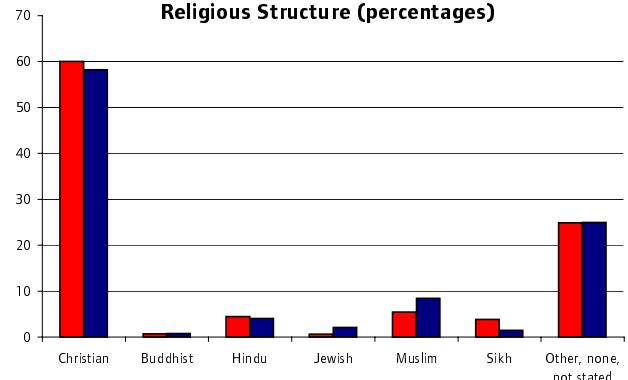


Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

South West Greater London

	South West	Greater London
Christian	60.0	58.2
Buddhist	0.7	0.8
Hindu	4.5	4.1
Jewish	0.6	2.1
Muslim	5.5	8.5
Sikh	3.8	1.5
All Other Religions	0.5	0.5
No Religion	16.7	15.8
Religion not stated	7.7	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

South West*

Greater London

Working Age Population	South West*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Economic Activity Rate	78.1	84.0	71.9	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	71.4	77.1	65.5	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	4.0	4.3	3.6	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	21.9	16.0	28.1	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	85.4	81.5	90.3	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	14.6	18.5	9.7	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	83.7	93.4	71.8	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	16.3	6.6	28.2	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	4.5	3.9	5.3	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	244,064	133,005	111,059	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	5,450	3,877	1,573	160,040	116,162	43,878

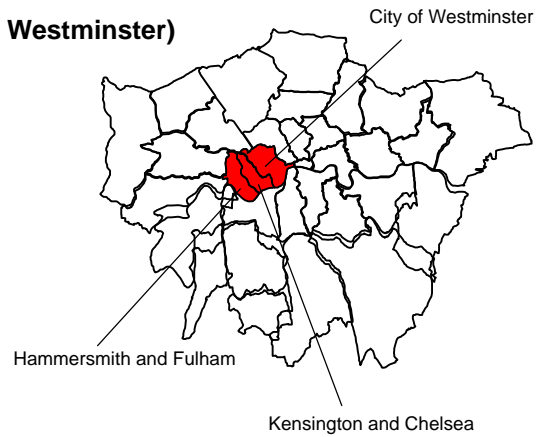
* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

Demographic Profile : West Central

(Hammersmith and Fulham, Kensington and Chelsea, City of Westminster)

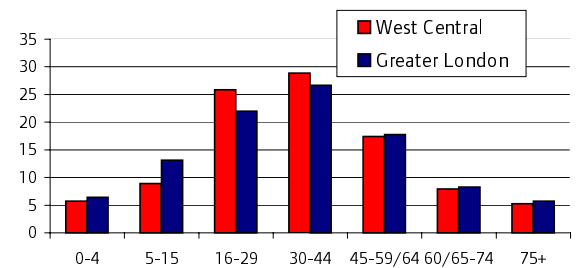


	West Central	Greater London
Geographical area (km ²)	49.85	1,568.70
Population density (persons per km ²)	10,612	4,689

Population 2002

Resident Population	529,024	7,355,354
Population aged less than 16 (%)	14.6	19.6
Population aged 85+ (%)	1.3	1.5
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016 (Sc. 8.1)	575,300	8,108,100
Live Births (occurrences)	7,100	104,248
Crude Birth Rate	13.4	14.2
General Fertility Rate	44.9	51.6
Total Period Fertility Rate	1.36	1.63
Deaths (occurrences)	3,395	57,270
Infant Deaths (occurrences)	38	594
Crude Death Rate	6.4	7.8
Standardised Mortality Ratio	85.8	98.5
Natural Change	3,705	46,978

Age Structure (percentages)



Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors	343,887	5,143,392
of which attainers*	1,955	45,689

*for definition of *Attainers*, see Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	West Central		Greater London	
	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	13	943	86	7,731
Primary	101	27,401	1,862	632,867
Secondary	21	19,136	407	417,906
Special	9	491	157	12,003
Pupil referral Unit	4	260	58	2,632
Independent	82	22,857	456	125,121
Academies	0	0	7	6,801
All Schools	230	71,088	3,033	1,205,061

Population Migration*, mid 2001-mid 2002

West Central	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration**	-5,400	-2,200	-3,200

* Internal migration within the United Kingdom

** Figures may not add due to rounding

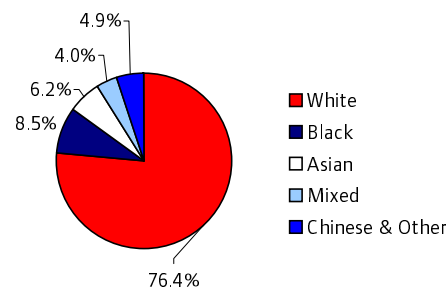
Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

	West Central	Greater London
Total Dwellings	260,700	3,022,700

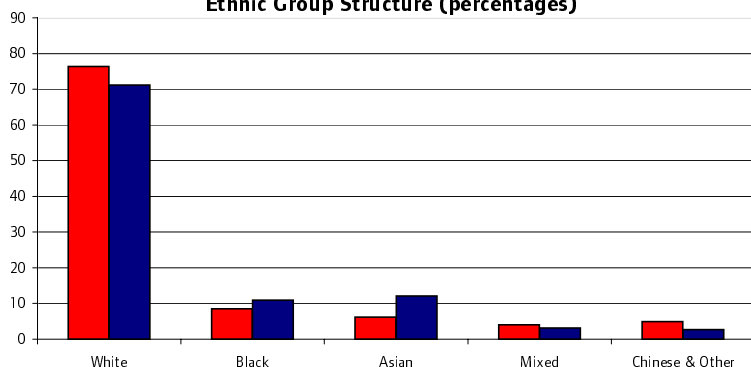
Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

	West Central	Greater London
White British	52.1	59.8
White Irish	3.9	3.1
White Other	20.4	8.3
Black Caribbean	3.6	4.8
Black African	4.1	5.3
Black Other	0.8	0.8
Indian	2.3	6.1
Pakistani	0.9	2.0
Bangladeshi	1.4	2.1
Other Asian	1.5	1.9
Mixed	4.0	3.2
Chinese	1.6	1.1
Other	3.3	1.6

Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



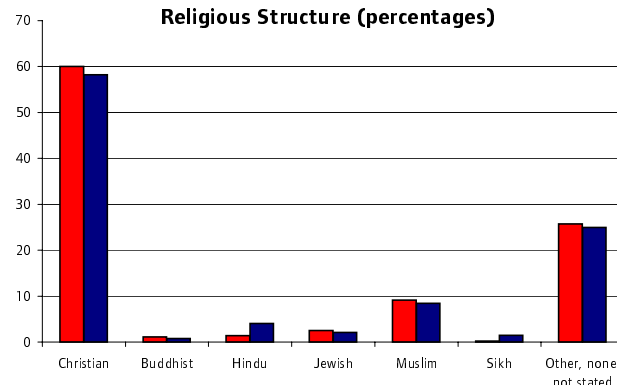
Ethnic Group Structure (percentages)



Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

	West Central	Greater London
Christian	60.0	58.2
Buddhist	1.1	0.8
Hindu	1.4	4.1
Jewish	2.5	2.1
Muslim	9.1	8.5
Sikh	0.2	1.5
All Other Religions	0.5	0.5
No Religion	16.4	15.8
Religion not stated	8.8	8.7

Religious Structure (percentages)



Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

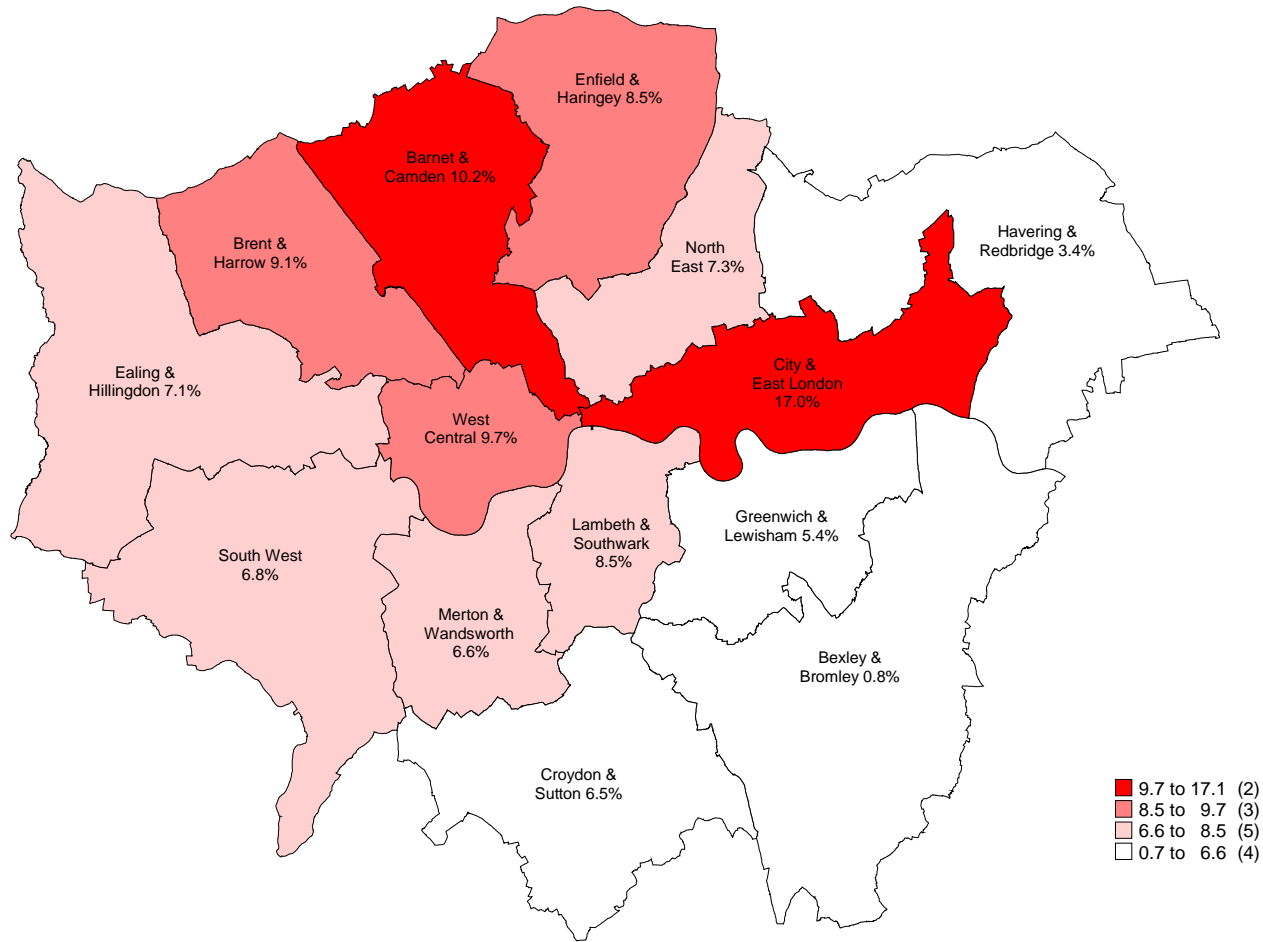
	West Central*			Greater London		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Working Age Population						
Economic Activity Rate	72.2	78.5	65.9	74.4	80.6	68.0
Employment Rate	64.6	70.3	59.0	66.2	71.6	60.7
Unemployment Rate	7.1	7.7	6.5	6.5	7.3	5.6
Rate of Economic Inactivity	27.8	21.5	34.1	25.6	19.4	32.0
In Employment :						
Percentage Employees	81.6	78.3	85.4	85.5	80.5	91.3
Percentage Self-Employed	18.4	21.7	14.6	14.5	19.5	8.7
Percentage Working Full-Time	86.6	91.3	81.0	83.2	91.9	72.8
Percentage Working Part-Time	13.4	8.7	19.0	16.8	8.1	27.2
Economically Active:						
Percentage of Full-Time Students	3.3	2.7	4.1	4.5	3.8	5.3
Number employed in the area**	711,797	380,568	331,229	3,805,655	2,100,351	1,705,304
Claimant Count Unemployed***	11,766	8,272	3,494	160,040	116,162	43,878

* The borough boundaries used for Claimant Count data are the 1991 boundaries and are therefore slightly different to the boundaries used elsewhere in this Briefing

** Number of people aged 16 to 74 employed in the area

*** Average monthly count of period June 2001 to May 2002

ONS Mid-Year Population Estimates: Percentage Change 1991 to 2002



Demographic Profile : Data Sources



Geographical area (km²)
Population density (persons per km²) } 1996 Boundaries, excluding the Thames and other tidal tributaries

Population 2002

Resident Population	}	Mid-2002 Population Estimates, Population Estimates Unit, Office for National Statistics. See Appendix A.
Population aged less than 16 (%)		
Population aged 85+ (%)		
GLA 2003 Round population projection for 2016	}	GLA 2003 Round Population Projection Scenario 8.1. See Appendix B.
Live Births (occurrences)	}	Vital Statistics 2002. Occurrences for the resident population. All rates based on Office for National Statistics Mid-2002 Population Estimates. See Appendix C.
Crude Birth Rate		
General Fertility Rate		
Total Period Fertility Rate		
Deaths (occurrences)		
Infant Deaths (occurrences)		
Crude Death Rate		
Standardised Mortality Ratio		
Natural Change		

Electors, December 2003

Local Government Electors
of which attainers } RPF29 Summary of Register of Electors, 1 December 2003 (based on a qualifying date of 15 October 2003), Population Estimates Unit, Office for National Statistics. See Appendix D.

Education, January 2003 (academic year 2002/2003)

	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils	Number of Schools	Headcount of Pupils
Nursery	}	Statistics of Education Schools in England 2003 Edition, Department for Education and Skills. See Appendix E.		
Primary				
Secondary				
Special				
Pupil Referral Unit				
Independent				
City Technology Colleges and Academies				
All Schools				

Population Migration, mid 2001-mid 2002

	Persons	Males	Females
Net migration	Mid-2001 to Mid-2002 Internal Migration, Office for National Statistics. See Appendix F.		

Council Tax Dwellings, Mid-2002 (estimate)

Total Dwellings Council Tax Chargeable Implied total dwellings at mid-2002. See Appendix G.

Population by Ethnic Group (%), 2001 Census data

White British	}	2001 Census, Office for National Statistics. Census table - Key Statistics 6. See Appendix H.
White Irish		
White Other		
Black Caribbean		
Black African		
Black Other		
Indian		
Pakistani		
Bangladeshi		
Other Asian		
Mixed		
Chinese		
Other		

Population by Religion (%), 2001 Census data

Christian	}	2001 Census, Office for National Statistics. Census table - Key Statistics 7. See Appendix H.
Buddhist		
Hindu		
Jewish		
Muslim		
Sikh		
All Other Religions		
No Religion		
Religion not stated		

Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Jobseeker's Allowance

Working Age Population	}	Labour Force Profile, Census 2001, Office for National Statistics. All the Census data used in this Briefing, relate to working age (16-59 for women, 16-64 for men) with the exception of the number of people employed in the area which relates to 16 to 74 year olds. Census table - Standard Table 28. See Appendix H.	
Economic Activity Rate			
Employment Rate			
Unemployment Rate			
Rate of Economic Inactivity			
In Employment :			
Percentage Employees			
Percentage Self-Employed			
Percentage Working Full-Time			
Percentage Working Part-Time			
Economically Active:			
Percentage of Full-Time Students			
Number employed in the area			
Claimant Count Unemployed			Count of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance, Office for National Statistics. These figures are generally for working age people, however women aged 60 and men aged 65 are sometimes still eligible to claim. See Appendix I.

APPENDIX A

MID-2002 POPULATION ESTIMATES, OFFICE FOR NATIONAL STATISTICS

Mid-2002 estimates of the resident population of England and Wales were published by ONS on 26 September 2003. The mid-2001 estimates were also revised at this time, taking account of additional studies conducted by ONS in order to further improve understanding of the relationship of the 2001 Census results and population estimates.

Definition of resident population

The estimated population of an area includes all people who usually live there, whatever their nationality. Members of HM and US Armed forces in England and Wales are included on a residential basis wherever possible. HM forces stationed outside England and Wales are not included. Students are taken to be resident at their term-time address.

Rebasing the mid-year population estimates in line with the 2001 Census

The original mid-2001 population estimates were the first in a new series of estimates based on the 2001 Census. They were updated to take account of population change due to births, deaths and net migration in the period between census day (29 April 2001) and the mid-year (30 June 2001). However, the estimation of change over this short period, less than nine weeks, is small and the main determinant of the mid-2001 population estimate was the 2001 Census estimate for Census day. The revised mid-2001 estimates take account of late Census returns and persons now understood to have been missed in enumerated households.

ONS Mid-year Population Estimates: Percentage Change 1991 to 2002

In February 2003, the ONS released revised estimates for 1982 to 2000, in line with the 2001 Census and therefore comparable with the original mid-year estimates for 2001. Although it is the intention of ONS to make additional revisions to data from 1992 to 2000, in line with the revised 2001 estimates, the 1991 estimate is now considered final.

Further revisions

The ONS is currently carrying out work to look at areas where there may have been issues of undercounting in the 2001 Census. This could result in some revisions to the mid-2001 estimates for a small number of areas, which would have a knock on effect to the overall London figure, and of course, to the mid-2002 estimates. Most notably for London, this exercise is focussed on Westminster and Wandsworth.

APPENDIX B

GLA 2003 ROUND POPULATION PROJECTION

The Greater London Authority produces annual demographic projections at borough level.

Summary of methodology

Projections are available for population by single year of age and gender for each London borough. The 2003 Round is based upon the 2001 Census data and revised 2001 mid-year estimates.

Future levels of fertility are based on borough level age-specific fertility rates for 1995-97, adjusted to actual births recorded in each year up to 2001-02, together with the Government Actuary's 2002-based assumptions about the future changes in the Total Period Fertility Rate.

Future mortality rates are based on life tables calculated for each borough group using data for 1995-97. These are adjusted in each borough to match actual deaths in each year up to 2001-02. After 2002 the rates are improved using the Government Actuary's 2002-based forty-year improvement factors specific to age and gender.

The GLA 2003 Round Scenario 8.1 population projection uses migration flows in 2002-03 based on data for 1997-2002. After 2003 the inflows from outside London are held constant as are all probabilities of London residents moving within and from London. The borough distribution is adjusted to take full account of the London Housing Capacity Study's estimates of new homes in the periods 2001-06, 2006-11 and 2011-16

APPENDIX C

VITAL STATISTICS 2002

Vital Statistics 2002 relate to events occurring in the resident population. All rates are calculated using ONS mid-2002 Population estimates.

Definitions

Crude Birth/Death Rate

Crude Birth/Death Rates indicate the number of births/deaths per thousand resident population at mid-year.

General Fertility Rate

The General Fertility Rate is the number of live births per thousand resident women aged 15-49.

Total Period Fertility Rate

Total Period Fertility Rate indicates the average number of children that would be born to a woman if the current age-specific patterns of fertility persisted throughout her childbearing life.

Infant death.

Infant death is defined as death of children under one year of age.

Standardised Mortality Ratio

Standardised Mortality Ratio indicates how the mortality of a given area compares with the national level, after allowing for differences in age structure.

The SMR represents total observed deaths as a percentage of expected deaths, which are calculated as the number that would occur if the population of the area experienced the age/sex mortality rates of England and Wales.

Natural Change

Natural change is live births less deaths.

APPENDIX D

RPF29 SUMMARY OF REGISTER OF ELECTORS, DECEMBER 2003, POPULATION ESTIMATE UNIT, OFFICE FOR NATIONAL STATISTICS

The register of electors shows the number of local government electors for each local authority and parliamentary electors for each parliamentary constituency.

In this Briefing, data for the total number of local government electors is shown, as well as the number of attainers separately (see below for definition). The total number includes residential qualifiers (see below), Peers, European Union citizens and attainers.

The figures are derived from data supplied to the Office for National Statistics by Electoral Registration Officers and shows the number of people who on 1 December 2003 were registered to vote in local elections. These are based on a qualifying date of 15 October 2003.

To qualify as a resident, a person needs to be normally living at the address on the qualifying date, even if temporarily absent. People having more than one place of residence, such as students and those with second homes, may therefore be included on more than one register.

The term attainer is used to describe a person who attains the age of 18 during the currency of the register, and is entitled to vote at an election held on or after his or her eighteenth birthday.

APPENDIX E

STATISTICS OF EDUCATION SCHOOLS IN ENGLAND 2003 EDITION, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND SKILLS

The new edition of "Statistics of Education Schools in England" includes school data for the academic year 2002/2003, which was collected in January 2003. The data relates to England and local authorities within England. The National Assembly for Wales collects their own statistics on schools and pupils in Wales, however these figures are not necessarily comparable with those from the Department for Education and Skills.

Most of the school information is from the Pupil Level Annual Schools' Census (PLASC), which is undertaken in January each year. In January 2002 the Annual Schools' Census introduced a major change in that maintained primary, secondary and special schools reported data at an individual pupil level for the first time. In January 2003 the collection of data at pupil level was further expanded to include non-maintained special schools and academies. Whilst the collection of the PLASC for these schools has been very successful, it is possible that some discontinuity in the time series data has resulted from the change, though this is not thought to be significant. The availability of pupil level data means that there are now more ways in which the information can be analysed and manipulated.

Definitions

Nursery Schools

Nursery schools provide education primarily for children below compulsory school age (under 5).

Primary Schools

Primary schools consist mainly of infant schools for children aged 5 to 7, junior schools for those aged 7 to 11 and junior and infant schools for both age groups. Primary schools make provision for the youngest children of compulsory school age (5 and above), however, the majority of London schools also provide a reception class for pupils aged 4.

In addition, first schools cater for ages from 5 to 8, 9 or 10. They are the first stage of a three-tier (first, middle and secondary) school system.

Many primary schools provide 'nursery' classes for under-fours. A 'nursery' class is one which includes amongst its staff a qualified nursery assistant.

Secondary Schools

Secondary education is provided mainly in three types of school, the comprehensive school, the secondary modern and the secondary grammar. There are also small and decreasing numbers of technical schools.

Schools which do not fall into any of the categories already mentioned are classified as other schools. City Academies and City Technology Colleges (see overleaf) which are publicly funded but registered as independent schools, fall into this category.

Special Schools

Special schools, both day and boarding, provide education for children with special educational needs who cannot be educated satisfactorily in an ordinary school.

Maintained special schools are run by local education authorities which pay all the expenses of maintenance.

Non-maintained special schools are run by voluntary bodies: they may receive some grant from the Department for capital work and for equipment, but their current expenditure is met primarily from the fees charged to the local education authorities for pupils placed in the schools.

Pupil Referral Unit

Pupil Referral Unit is a centre for children of primary or secondary school age who have been temporarily withdrawn from mainstream provision.

Independent Schools

An independent school is legally defined as any institution providing full time education for five or more pupils of compulsory school age that is neither maintained by a local education authority nor a non-maintained special school. All independent schools are initially inspected by HMI from Ofsted. Just over half of all independent schools choose to belong to the professional associations constituting the Independent Schools Council (ISC).

City Technology Colleges and Academies

City Technology Colleges

These take the form of a charitable company limited by guarantee. The sponsors constitute an educational trust and will own or lease the college and appoint their representatives to the Board of Governors. The members of a CTC will consist of nominees of the sponsoring company and the Secretary of State. When the CTC is opened it will be registered as independent school and is included in the independent schools tables.

Academies

These have been created more recently, but are essentially the same as CTC's with the same funding and status. However, while CTC's focus more on technology subjects, the Academies take a broader approach and tend to be found more in inner city areas.

Because of the similarities and relatively small numbers, City Technology Colleges and Academies have been taken together.

APPENDIX F

MID-2001 TO MID-2002 INTERNAL MIGRATION, OFFICE FOR NATIONAL STATISTICS

Internal Migration figures at the local authority level are derived from the combination of National Health Service Central Register (NHSCR) continuous monitoring and changes in the patient registers that are available annually.

National Health Service Central Register

The NHSCR is a record of all NHS patients. It ensures that medical records are effectively used by the Health Authorities and that General Practitioners are paid correctly.

Information is passed to the NHSCR electronically from Health Authorities based upon patients who re-register with General Practitioners in their area. The data are specific to age and gender of the patient and the former and current health areas of registration.

Health Authority Patient Registers

Every Health Authority in England and Wales holds a register of the patients registered with General Practitioners within their area of responsibility. This contains the NHS number, gender, date of acceptance at the health authority and importantly the postcode of address of the patient. By obtaining a download from each patient register on an annual basis combining all 104 patient register extracts together, ONS can create a total register for the whole of England and Wales. Comparing records in one year with those of the previous linking on NHS numbers enables the identification of people who change their postcode and therefore may be defined as a person who, between one year and the next, changes their area of residence.

The two files are linked such that the number of migrants at local authority level based upon the patient registers is grossed up to allow for the number of all persons recording a change of address at Health Authority level throughout the year under continuous monitoring using the NHSCR data.

APPENDIX G

COUNCIL TAX IMPLIED TOTAL DWELLINGS ON VALUATION LIST, MID-2002

Each local authority submits annual returns to the Office of the Deputy Prime Minister (ODPM) relating to the number of properties on their valuation list as at November each year. The properties are categorised by the Tax Band (A to H) under several headings:

- Total Chargeable Dwellings
- Exempt Dwellings
- Dwellings Demolitions and Outside of Area of Authority
- Chargeable Dwellings with Disabled Relief
- Chargeable Dwellings with 25% discount
- Chargeable Dwellings with 50% discount
- Chargeable Dwellings with no discount
- 'Equivalent Dwellings'
- Band D Equivalent Dwellings

The data shown in the Profiles are the weighted average of the total dwellings as at 3 November 2001 and 3 November 2002 to get an estimate for mid-year, 2002.

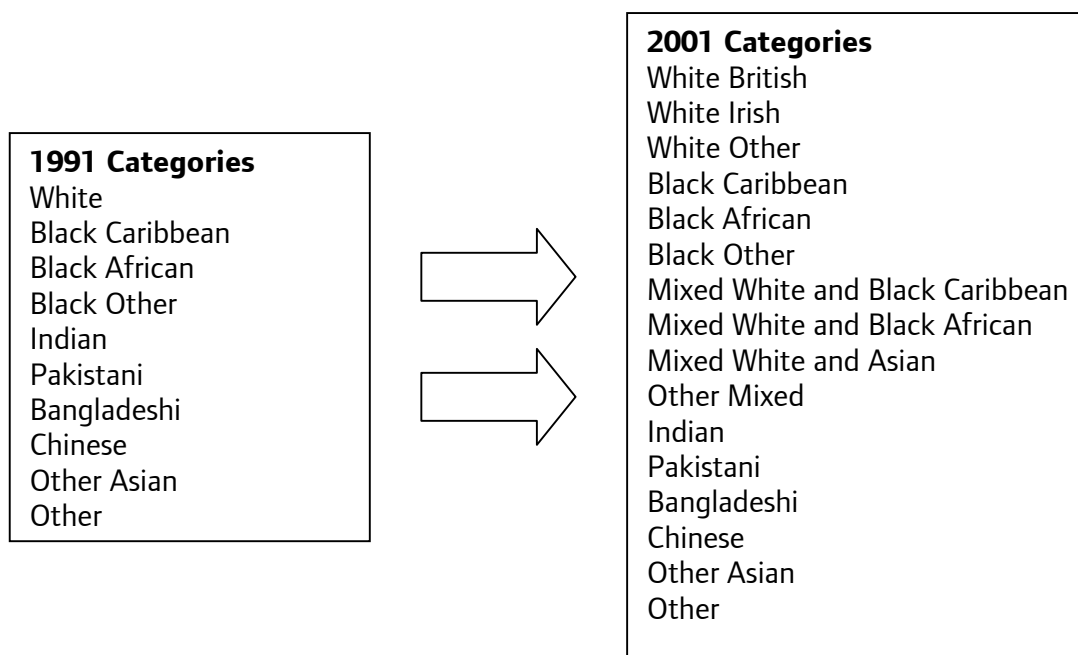
APPENDIX H

CENSUS 2001 ETHNICITY, RELIGION AND LABOUR MARKET PROFILE

The 2001 Census was carried out on 29 April 2001. It was a complete count of the United Kingdom, asking a set of questions relating to individuals' gender, age, ethnicity, religion, labour market participation and household circumstances. The first set of data was published on 30 September 2002 and subsequent datasets were released throughout 2003.

Ethnicity

In the 2001 Census, new ethnicity categories were used. These categories were different from those used in the 1991 Census, and other statistics, mainly because of the addition of 'mixed' categories. The hope was that this would reduce the amount of misclassification. The tables below show the old and new categories.



These new categories were chosen as a way of giving more choices to the respondent in order to more accurately record their ethnicity as well as still allowing some comparison with the 1991 Census data.

Religion

In the 2001 Census a new question on religion was introduced. This was the first ever voluntary question in a UK Census, however, a high response rate was achieved – around 93 per cent. Because of such a high response rate, the statistics on religion are likely to be as robust as those collected from compulsory questions.

Labour Market Profile

The 2001 Census contained a number of questions relating to labour market status. These questions only applied to those people aged between 16 and 74. People outside of this age group are also excluded from questions on qualifications and mode of travel to work.

The data used within this briefing is primarily labour market data, however, data on students has been included as they also comprise an important part of the labour market.

Definitions

Working-age

This is defined as men aged 16-64 and women aged 16-59.

Employment

A person is defined as employed if they did paid work in the week before the Census took place. This includes temporary or casual work, even if for only one hour; government-sponsored training schemes; being away from a job due to sickness, maternity leave, holiday or being temporarily laid-off; or doing paid, or unpaid, work for their own or family business.

Employees and self-employed

The number of employees and self-employed workers is determined by the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self-employed?' which related to a person's main job (the job in which the person usually works the most hours).

Full-time and part-time

Working part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less per week and full-time is defined as working 31 hours or more per week.

Unemployment

An unemployed person is someone who does not have a job, has looked for work in the last four weeks and is available to start a job in the next two weeks, or who is waiting to start a job. This is consistent with the International Labour Organisation (ILO) standard classification.

Economic activity and inactivity

All people aged between 16 and 74 are either defined as economically active or economically inactive.

A person is defined as economically active if they are either employed or unemployed, by the definitions above.

Economically inactive people fall into the following categories; retired, student (excluding students who were working or economically active in some other way), looking after family/home, permanently sick/disabled and other. A person looking for work, but not available to start in the next two weeks, would be classed as inactive.

Economically active full-time students

These are people (aged 16-74) in full-time education, including schoolchildren, who are economically active – ie they are employed or unemployed. At the time of the Census, economically active students numbered 157,006 in London. Of these, 126,806 were in employment and 30,200 were unemployed.

On standard Census tables on economic activity, economically active full-time students are excluded from the employment and unemployment totals and are listed separately under the heading 'economically active full-time students'. For this reason, data presented in the profiles mirror the Census tables in that;

- data on employment and unemployment exclude employed and unemployed students, and
- data on students are presented separately.

Rates

The rates for employment, unemployment, economic activity and economic inactivity are given as percentages of all persons of working age.

APPENDIX I

CLAIMANT COUNT

The claimant count is a measure of the number of people claiming unemployment related benefits – currently Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) and National Insurance (NI) credits. Jobseeker's Allowance was introduced in October 1996 and replaced Unemployment Benefit and Income Support for unemployed people.

The claimant count was never designed to measure unemployment as it is simply a by-product of the benefits administration system. For this reason, the claimant count is a very narrow measure as it only counts those people who are unemployed and claiming benefits. Furthermore it is highly sensitive to changes in government policies in relation to the tax and benefits system.

APPENDIX J

ADDITIONAL DATA SOURCES

Data Management and Analysis Group (DMAG), GLA

In addition to demographic data, DMAG is also responsible for specific analysis on areas such as ethnicity, social exclusion, the 2001 Census and education. *DMAG Briefings* and analysis are available either direct from DMAG (see back cover for contact details), from individual London Boroughs, or via the GLA Extranet. The Extranet is a secure GLA website, which has limited access, and requires a password. Access to the Extranet may be granted on request.

GLA Economics, GLA

Established in May 2002, GLA Economics are responsible for assessing and monitoring the economic situation of London and providing economic analysis for policies and projects in areas such as transport, development and the environment.

Office for National Statistics (ONS) – <http://www.statistics.gov.uk>

The ONS is responsible for producing a wide variety of statistics, much of which is used in GLA analysis. Of particular interest, is;

- data from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), a household survey interviewing inhabitants of around 57,000 households each quarter. Analysis of LFS data includes employment, unemployment, ethnicity, disability and qualifications.
- the Claimant Count, a count of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance
- vital statistics – births and deaths
- electorate data
- earnings data from the New Earnings Survey, a 1% sample of employees in employment which collects information on hours worked and earnings from the employers. Self-employed earnings are not included.

Office of the Deputy Prime Minister (ODPM) – <http://www.odpm.gov.uk>

This department is responsible for policy on housing, planning, devolution, regional and local government and the fire service.

Department for Education and Skills (DfES) – <http://www.dfes.gov.uk>

The DfES is the department responsible for schools and education, including funding, policy and compiling statistics.

Government Actuary's Department (GAD) – <http://www.gad.gov.uk>

This is a department of actuaries, advising the Government on issues affecting public policy in order to help ensure the financial stability of the state and private pensions systems. The department, since 1954, has also been responsible for producing the official population projections for the UK and constituent countries.

Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) – <http://www.dwp.gov.uk>

The remit of DWP is primarily welfare reform, for example, helping people back into work while supporting those unable to work through Jobcentre Plus; tackling child poverty; and assisting independence for the elderly. Statistics available from DWP mainly focus around benefits, such as Child Benefit, Jobseeker's Allowance, Incapacity Benefit and the New Deal.

Nomis – <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

Nomis is run by the University of Durham on behalf of the Office for National Statistics. It was launched in 1981 and makes available a vast range of labour market statistics, such as employment, unemployment, earnings, and claimant data. It has recently introduced profiles for each local authority in Great Britain, covering information such as population, labour supply and demand and the number of VAT registered businesses.

Regular Briefings from the GLA Data Management and Analysis Group

The 2003 and 2004 DMAG Briefings:

DMAG 2003/1	Disabled people and the labour market	Lorna Spence
DMAG 2003/2	2001 Borough Demographic Profiles	Baljit Bains/ Iryna Pylypchuk
DMAG 2003/3	2002 Round of Demographic Projections	John Hollis/ Baljit Bains
DMAG 2003/4	Greater London Demographic Review: 2001	Baljit Bains/ Iryna Pylypchuk
DMAG 2003/5	Census Information Note CIN 2003-1	Eileen Howes
DMAG 2003/6	Third country nationals living in London 2000/01	Lorna Spence
DMAG 2003/7	2001 Census Key Statistics: Initial summary of results	Eileen Howes
DMAG 2003/8	2001 Census Key Statistics: Household variables	John Hollis
DMAG 2003/9	2001 Census Key Statistics: Ethnicity, religion and country of birth	Eileen Howes
DMAG 2003/10	Household Forecasts based on 2001 Census Key Statistics	John Hollis
DMAG 2003/11	2001 Census: Copyright and Licensing for Census users	Rachel Leeser /Hywel Davies
DMAG 2003/12	Women and the Labour Market	Lorna Spence
DMAG 2003/13	2001 Census Key Statistics: Means of travel to work	Eileen Howes
DMAG 2003/14	2001 Census Key Statistics: People, Families and Households	Rachel Leeser
DMAG 2003/15	Census Information Note CIN 2003-2	Eileen Howes
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